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÷ ANNUAL CATALOGUE 1908 ÷

of VEGETABLE
FIELD & FLOWER



DAVID HARDIE SEED CO.
365-7
ELM STREET

WAREHOUSE
364-6 PACIFIC AVE.,

DALLAS, TEXAS.

Telephone, 420

FISHBURN & SONS, DAL.



DAVID HARDIE SEED CO.

DALLAS, TEXAS.

TO OUR FRIENDS AND PATRONS: It gives us great pleasure each succeeding spring to have so many of our old customers sending us their regular seed orders, which is sure proof that our efforts to supply the best seed obtainable, are appreciated.

We occupy a mammoth store, larger than any Seed Store in St. Louis or south of it. It fronts 53 feet on Elm Street and extends 200 feet back to Pacific Avenue, where we have switch facilities for two cars at a time. As will be seen from cut on back of cover, it is two stories high, giving us over 20,000 square feet of floor space. We are justly proud of this achievement, as our business has not been built up by expensive flaming advertisements, nor by the greater expense of having drummers on the road, this Catalogue is our only Representative. Good quality, satisfied customers and the natural sequence of the pleased customer recommending their friends and neighbors to try our seeds, are responsible for this result. We much appreciate what our customers do for us, and will do all in our power to continue to deserve their confidence.

Our catalogue is sent out for the purpose of assisting people in making their selections, carefully avoiding all exaggerated descriptions and overdrawn illustrations, we aim to let you know just what to expect at harvest; our claims for merit of the seeds offered by us are most conservative. Of the thousands of novelties introduced not two per cent of them have materialized, or proved of any benefit to the Southern planters. For that reason we are very chary in recommending new varieties before we know they have actual merits. From our long experience in this Southern country (amounting to nearly twenty-five years), we are enabled to know what seeds are best suited to our soils and climate, and are in a much better position to give advice than those Northern houses who do not know our conditions.

Good quality has always been our first object, and this year we have as usual used great precautions to get stocks that are well matured, and have good vitality, and feel confident that our stock of seed for quality cannot be beaten in the United States.

Our facilities for doing business are unsurpassed in the South, having railroad switch connection with our warehouse, for loading and unloading cars, and everything complete to handle goods at a minimum of expense.

DAVID HARDIE SEED CO.

We would esteem it a favor if our customers would notify us when there is a change in their address; in giving new address state from where you moved.

With every catalogue we always send an Order Sheet and addressed envelope. These will be found convenient when ordering.

HOW TO REMIT, ETC.

Name and Address—We earnestly request our correspondents to be particular and give full name, Post Office and State, distinctly written each time they address us; overlooking any of these essential items in an address may be the cause of vexatious delays.

Cash Should Always Accompany the Order—Money may be sent at our risk in the following manner: Post Office Order, Draft on New York, Express Company Money Order, or by Registered Letter. Small amounts may be sent in two-cent postage stamps.

Goods C. O. D.—No goods will be sent by us C. O. D. Cash must accompany all orders.

In comparing our mail prices, especially on heavy seeds, such as peas, beans and corn, by the quart and pint, and other seeds by the pounds and quarter pound, you must bear in mind that **we pay the postage.**

Warranty—We send out only seeds that will, to the best of our belief, give entire satisfaction; immunity from error being, however, unattainable and success always so largely dependent on outside influences, it must be expressly understood that we give no warranty, express or implied, and we will not be held in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept these seeds on these conditions they must be returned at once, and any money paid for them will be returned.

VEGETABLE SEEDS OF STANDARD MERIT.

The varieties of Vegetable Seeds offered by us are limited to those which, in our opinion, are best suited to the Soils and Climate of this Southern Country, keeping before our patrons the good old reliable sorts, which, if not novel, can be depended on, for in the end it is fine vegetables that are wanted, not so much novel varieties; any novelty, however, we may come across which proves to have merits for our country, will be at once added to our list, but we refrain from offering anything of which we have no knowledge.

Our prices include Postage on Packets, Ounces, Quarter Pounds, and Pounds, Pints and Quarts of Vegetable and Flower Seeds. If the purchaser desires to pay his own express or freight charges, he may deduct 10 cents per pound, and 15 cents per quart from the prepaid rates here offered, or order extra quantity of seeds for the difference.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT OFF ALL SEEDS IN PACKETS AND OUNCES.

Purchaser remitting \$1 may select Seeds in Packets and Ounces amounting to \$1.25
 Purchaser remitting \$2 may select Seeds in Packets and Ounces amounting to \$2.50
 Purchaser remitting \$3 may select Seeds in Packets and Ounces amounting to \$3.75
 Purchaser remitting \$4 may select Seeds in Packets and Ounces amounting to \$5.00
 Purchaser remitting \$5 may select Seeds in Packets and Ounces amounting to \$6.25

We wish it distinctly understood that the discount allowed is only for Seeds in Packets and Ounces, and not for Seeds by weight (over one ounce) or measure.

ASPARAGUS

Spargel.

Asperge.

CULTURE—Sow in the fall or early spring thinly in shallow drills 15 to 18 inches apart, thin out seedlings to 3 or 4 inches in rows, saving only the strongest, transplant when two years old into permanent beds, the soil of which should have been thoroughly mixed with well rotted manure.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL, a standard variety of good quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c.

PALMETTO, a great yielder, earlier and larger than Conover's Colossal. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c.

BARR'S MAMMOTH is very large and early, light color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS, see Roots and Plants.

ARTICHOKE

Artischoke.

Artichaut.

CULTURE—Drop the seed early in spring and transplant the following spring in hills four feet apart, setting three plants to the hill; the soil should be rich and deep.

LARGE GREEN GLOBE, the best and standard variety. Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c.

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES, see Roots and Plants.

BEANS

We have our stocks grown on contract by one of the most reliable Bean Seed growers in Michigan, and feel sure they will give the best of satisfaction.

Remember, our pint and quart prices include postage; if wanted by Freight or Express, at buyer's expense, deduct 8 cents per pint and 15 cents per quart from price.

Dwarf or Bush Beans

Buschbohnen. Haricots nains.
CULTURE—Beans are tender, and should not be planted until all danger from frost is past. No time is gained by planting before the ground becomes warm. Drop the beans two or three inches apart, in rows standing eighteen inches or two feet apart; cultivate only when dry; draw the soil slightly towards them. They will make green beans in six or eight weeks; sow every two weeks for a succession, if seasonable up to September.

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA, the most successful Bush Lima for the Southern States, and the only one we would recommend as a sure cropper. It is much planted by the market gardeners, is at least three weeks earlier than any of the climbing Limas, and is a continuous and abundant bearer until frost. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 40c; peck, \$1.75.

BURPEE'S LARGE BUSH LIMA, a true bush form of the Large White Lima; does well if season is favorable; in the event of early drouths, the pods do not fill out well. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75.

Green Podded Snap Beans

EARLY BROWN MOHAWK, hardiest of all snaps, even resisting a little frost; on that account, the best to plant first; pods long, broad and flat. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 40c; peck, \$1.25.

EARLY LONG ROUND POD, SIX WEEKS, an excellent snap; is not only early, but very prolific. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 40c; peck, \$1.25.

EXTRA EARLY ROUND POD VALENTINE, HOPKIN'S IMPROVED STRAIN, unsurpassed for quality; strong, vigorous grower, stands well up, and remarkably uniform in ripening; pods round, thick and solid, very tender and of fine flavor. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 40c; peck, \$1.30; bushel, \$5.00.

LONGFELLOW. A new extra early variety, with perfectly round, straight pods, very fleshy, long, brittle and without strings; flavor delicious; very prolific; plants strong and compact in growth. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.50; bushel, \$5.50.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD, an extra early variety, positively stringless, remains tender and crisp long after maturity; pods are pale green, long and straight, perfectly round and meaty. This new variety is sure to become a general favorite. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75; bushel, \$6.00.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD. This bean is larger and some earlier than the Valentine, is without strings, unusually crisp and meaty; is very prolific, and has done well in the South wherever tried. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75; bushel, \$6.00.

Wax or Yellow Podded Snap Beans

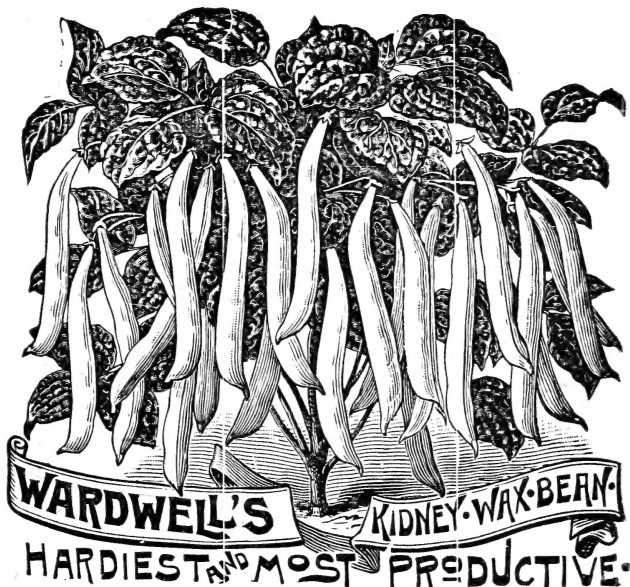
IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX (Stringless), an early stringless bean of good quality; pods long, broad and flat, thick and wax-like. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.65; bushel, \$6.00.

PROLIFIC GERMAN BLACK WAX, very early and great yielder, in our opinion the wax bean best suited to our climate; the pods are round, full, stringless and of fine quality. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.65; bushel, \$6.00.

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX. This is one of the very best beans ever introduced. Although hardy, it is absolutely stringless; tender and fine flavored; pods smooth, perfectly round and straight like a pencil; light golden yellow in color; very productive. We think it is one of the most profitable Wax Beans for market gardeners to plant. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75; bushel, \$6.50.



Early Round Pod Valentine



WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX, one of the very best wax beans, not so early as Black or Golden Wax; is a fine bearer; pods long, broad, flat and of a delicate waxy color, entirely stringless and very free from rust. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75; bushel, \$6.50.

NEW ROUND POD KIDNEY WAX, a selection from the famous Wardwell's Kidney Wax, differing from it in having a round pod instead of flat. It is of strong growth, with long, round, handsome, stringless pods of large size; very solid, full of meat, crisp and brittle; wonderfully early and productive. We had some of our customers try a few of them last season, and they did exceedingly well. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75; bushel, \$6.50.

DAVIS WHITE WAX. This is the most hardy and productive wax podded bean in cultivation, and has proved very successful in South Texas; is a good shipper and very valuable as a market variety. The pods are invariably long, white and straight, which with the clear white seed, make it very valuable for canners; it does not discolor in canning. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75; bushel, \$6.50.

Pole or Running Beans

Stangenbohnen.

Haricots a Rames.

CULTURE—They are less hardy than the dwarfs, and should not be planted so early; plant in hills three feet apart, with a stake or pole to run up on.

SOUTHERN PROLIFIC, a favorite Southern Bean, being a free and constant bearer until frost; pods borne in clusters, long, crisp and excellent. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.50.

WHITE CREASEBACK, OR FAT HORSE, earliest of Pole Beans, exceedingly productive; an excellent market gardeners' variety; very suitable for early fall planting. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75.

KENTUCKY WONDER, OR "OLD HOMESTEAD." This is one of the very best varieties for the South; very productive, the pods hanging in clusters; are entirely stringless, and cook tender and melting. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX. This is one of the best Pole Wax Beans ever introduced; it has all the good qualities of the old green pod Kentucky Wonder, is very prolific, commences to bear early, and continues on till frost. The pods are long, of a beautiful transparent yellow color; are very meaty and entirely stringless. Pkt., 10c; pint, 30c; quart, 50c; peck, \$2.00.

RED SPECKLED CUT SHORT, OR "CORN HILL." An old popular variety in the Southern States, does well planted among corn, and will give a good crop planted without poles. Vines medium sized, pods short, round and tender, very prolific. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75.

LAZY WIFE, a remarkable variety, not only for its great productiveness, but also for its fine quality; the pods are produced in clusters, and almost a handful can be grasped at once; are stringless when young, also make a fine shell bean. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$2.00.

SMALL WHITE LIMA, OR SIEVA. This bean succeeds better in the South than any other pole Lima; is very productive, and bears until frost. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75.

LARGE WHITE LIMA, OR BUTTER, is a general favorite wherever grown. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75.

KING OF THE GARDEN LIMA. Vigorous grower and heavy yielder on all kinds of soils; beans large and of fine flavor. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75.

BEETS

Rothe Ruben.

Betterave.

CULTURE—Sow as soon as the land will permit, and for general crop about the middle of April; sow in drills 15 inches apart and thin out to 4 inches; for winter use, sow the turnip varieties about July.

Our Beet Seed has proved the purest and best the market gardeners of Dallas have ever been supplied with. Many of them informed us they made extra money by having the proper kind of beets. Southern gardeners should try our Early Eclipse and Egyptian Beet Seed if they want to have the first and best in the market.

EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN BLOOD TURNIP. (Fig. 5.) The well-known standard early market sort; color, deep red; tender and sweet; form similar to Flat Dutch Turnip. Pkt., 5c; ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.



CRIMSON GLOBE. This Beet is remarkable for its smooth skin and fine shape. It is an early variety, does not grow large and coarse, the mature Beets being medium in size and of good shape. The flesh and skin are both very dark, and quality fine, being sweet and tender. Pkt., 5c; ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. Dark red, fine flavor and productive. Pkt., 5c; ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

EARLY ECLIPSE. (Fig. 3.) An improved Extra Early sort; roots nearly globular, with short top. Flesh dark red, with circles of lighter red. We carry an extra fine strain of this variety, being earlier by two weeks than the old Eclipse, and can strongly recommend it to gardeners and truckers for the earliest market. Pkt., 5c; ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

BASSANO. Early, flat, light color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

DEWING'S BLOOD TURNIP. (Fig. 2.) Of fine form and flavor; grows to a large size and keeps well. Pkt., 5c; ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

EDMAND'S EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. (Fig. 1.) A market gardener's strain of great regularity in shape, deep blood skin, and very dark flesh of best quality. Pkt., 5c; ounce, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

LONG SMOOTH BLOOD. A good late variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 45c.

MANGEL WURZEL. Stock Beets.) See "Farm Seeds."

Brussels Sprouts

Rozenkohl.

Chou de Bruxellès.

A very desirable vegetable and deserving of more general cultivation. Culture same as cabbage.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Pkt., 5c; ounce, 20c.

CARROTS

Our Carrot Seed is the very best Eastern grown rubbed stock, and is strictly first-class. Many of the failures to raise carrots are attributable to the planting of cheap Western seed of uncertain germination and tendency to grow tops rather than roots. Market gardeners would study their own interest by trying some of our high-class Carrot Seed.

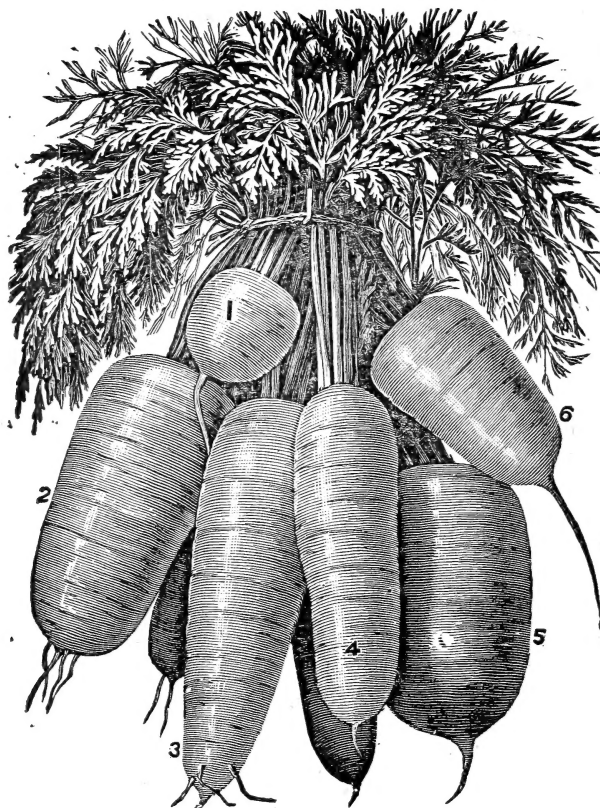
Mohren oder Gelbe Rueben.

Carrote.

CULTURE—For early crops sow in spring, as soon as ground can be worked, in drills 15 inches apart; cover seed one-half inch; thin plants to three or four inches in the row.

EARLIEST RED HORN, OR FRENCH FORCING. (Fig. 1.) A favorite carrot

of small size, prized on account of its extreme earliness and superior flavor; best for forcing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.



OXHEART, OR HALF LONG GUERANDE. (Fig. 5.) This is one of the most valuable, either for family use or market. It is of a most beautiful shape and color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 90c.

DANVER'S HALF LONG ORANGE. (Fig. 6.) One of the most productive; roots large, but short, tapering abruptly at point; sweet and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 85c.

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE. (Fig. 3.) Best variety for late cold culture; good for table use and suitable for stock feeding. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

CABBAGE

Kopfkohl.

Chuo Pomme.

CULTURE—All cabbages do best in strong, well manured and well cultivated soil. For early crop sow seed of the early varieties in hot beds, or in a box that can be housed, any time from middle of December to end of January; plant out end of February or beginning of March, in rows two feet apart and 18 inches between plants in row; for later cabbages sow in March and plant out in April. In Southern Texas cabbage can be sown in September and planted out beginning of November. To prevent the small plants being attacked by cabbage fly, dust some tobacco powder or "Slug Shot" on them.

The Cabbage Seed offered by us is grown by one of the pioneer Long Island Cabbage Seed raisers of high repute, and is the very best that can be grown. So much depends on good seed for a cabbage crop, it does not pay to take any risks. Our seed is all raised from selected heads. This year the crop is a full one, and

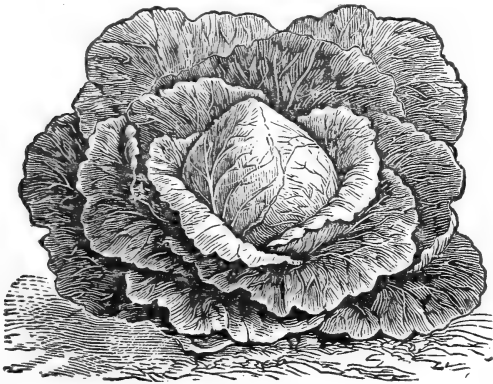
of the finest quality, which is generally the case when the crop is large. We can confidently ask large planters of cabbage to entrust us with their orders, feeling sure results will prove satisfactory.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. A very popular variety with market gardeners for early use, and is considered the best early cabbage in cultivation; it has a fine, solid head, and is of good size. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

EARLY WINNINGSTADT. A fine variety for summer use; heads large and pointed, tender and solid. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.35.

HENDERSON'S EARLY SUMMER. We consider this the champion Early Cabbage for the South; it is the earliest large heading cabbage and a great favorite with market gardeners; handsome heads, flat or slightly rounded; a good keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

EARLY FLAT DUTCH. A good all-round cabbage, a sure header, and valuable for general crop. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.



Early Jersey Wakefield

CHARLESTON OR LARGE WAKEFIELD is five or six days later than the early Jersey Wakefield; the heads are nearly one-half larger and very solid; it is very compact in growth, and does not burst open when ripe, like many of the early sorts. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

EARLY YORK. The old, well-known sort; the heads are small, round, slightly heart-shaped. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.35.

EARLY DRUMHEAD. Heads round and flat; comes in after Henderson's Early Summer. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

SUREHEAD. One of the finest for second early planting, growing to a large size quickly and surely. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.



Hendersons



Flat Dutch

ALL SEASONS. Another fine cabbage, which is of the Drumhead strain. As the name indicates, it can be planted at all seasons, and makes both a splendid early and late variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH. The standard winter variety; heads large, round, solid and flat on top; an excellent keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

LARGE LATE DRUMHEAD. A very fine strain of Drumhead; short stem, heads large, round and thick; valuable for winter, also suitable for a fall crop, if sown early. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

DRUMHEAD SAVOY. An excellent winter and spring family cabbage, partaking partially of the size of the Drumhead and the curled leaves of the Savoy. Market gardeners usually find it profitable to provide a limited quality for discriminating customers; for family use it is equaled by none. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c.

MAMMOTH DARK RED. A fine pickling cabbage, and is sometimes sliced in salad. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

CABBAGE PLANTS. See "Roots and Plants."

CAULIFLOWER

Blumenkohl.

Chou Fleur.

CULTURE—Much the same as cabbage; has to be planted very early in the South to do any good.

EARLY SNOWBALL. Pkt., 25c; oz., \$1.75.

CELERY

Sellerie.

Celerie.

CULTURE—Sow in March or April and rake the seed in lightly; water and shade from strong sun, set out when plants are 6 inches high, in trenches $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart; plants need shading during hot weather; when tall enough it should be earthed up to blanch it.

WHITE PLUME. A handsome thick-ribbed variety of a yellowish white color; very crisp; is easily blanched. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c.

GIANT PASCAL. Easily blanched and fine keeper; large, late sort, of good flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c.

GOLDEN SELF BLANCHING. A grand variety on the style of "White Plume," except that it is golden yellow. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 80c.

CELERY SEED FOR FLAVORING. Oz., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 40c.

COLLARDS

Blatterkohl.

Chou Cabu.

CULTURE—Sow seed as for cabbage in June, July or August for succession; transplant when a month old.

TRUE GEORGIA. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

EARLY GARDEN AND SWEET CORN

Welschkorn.

Mais.

CULTURE—Plant in hills three feet apart; leave two or three plants to the hill; where ground is strong, dwarf varieties, like Adam's Extra Early, can be planted in hills $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart.

Remember, our pint and quart prices include postage; if wanted by Freight or Express, at buyer's expense, deduct 8 cents per pint and 15 cents per quart from price.

ADAM'S EXTRA EARLY. The hardiest and earliest corn we have (not a sugar corn); makes roasting ears in six weeks after planting; ears small, and only recommended for first planting. Pkts., 5c and 10c each; pint, 20c; quart, 35c; peck, 90c.

ADAM'S EARLY. An early market variety, similar to Extra Early Adams, but much larger; this corn is well adapted to the South, and we strongly recommend it. Pkts., 5c and 10c each; pint, 20c; quart, 35c; peck, 90c.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN, SWEET. This we consider the par excellence of Sweet Corn. It is undoubtedly a variety of great value, and is especially recommended for private gardens, as there is no variety can equal it for sweetness or delicacy of flavor; it is also very productive, producing three to five ears to the stalk; the grains are exceedingly deep and crowded irregularly on the cob. We would warn purchasers not to consider the seed of this variety poor when they get it, as the prime seed of "Country Gentleman" has a decided look of poverty about it. Pkts., 5c and 10c; pint, 20c; quart, 35c; peck, \$1.00.

NEW EARLY EVERGREEN will furnish ears fit for use much earlier than Stowell's. The ears, like the Stowell's, are very large, with deep grain, which is of the very best quality. It remains in condition for use longer than other sorts, being fully equal to the Stowell's in that respect. It has all the fine appearance of the old variety, although fit for use two weeks earlier. Pkts., 5c and 10c each; pint, 20c; quart, 35c; peck, \$1.00.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN, SWEET. This is the most popular variety with gardeners and canners for late use. It is very productive, ears of large size, grain deep, very sweet and tender, and remains for a long time in an edible condition. Pkts., 5c and 10c; pint, 20c; quart, 35c; peck, \$1.00.

HICKORY KING, IOWA SILVERMINE, AND WHITE PEARL, are all good to plant for roasting ears. Pkts., 5c and 10c each; pint, 15c; quart, 25c; peck, 45c.

FIELD CORN. See "Farm Seeds."

CORN SALAD OR FETTICUS

Feldsalat.

Mache.

CULTURE—Sow during August and September in drills one-fourth inch deep and 6 inches apart; just before winter cover lightly with straw.

LARGE LEAVED. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

CRESS

Garten-Kresse.

Cresson.

CULTURE—Sow broadcast in beds; can be cut repeatedly.

CURLED CRESS, OR PEPPER GRASS. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

CUCUMBERS

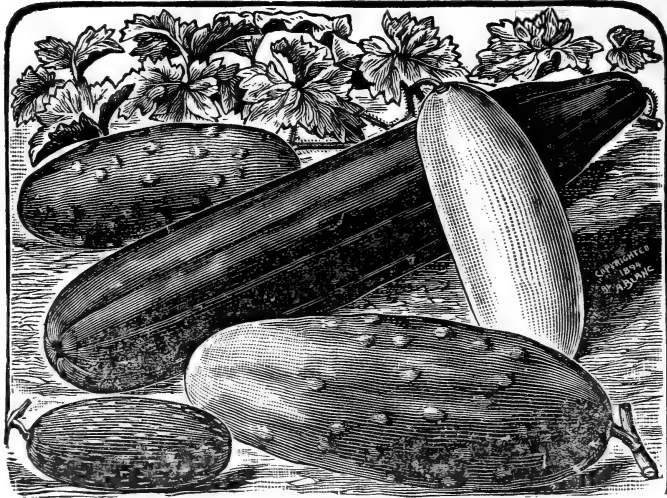
Gurke.

Concombre.

CULTURE—Cucumbers should not be planted until the ground gets warm, unless you are prepared to protect them during the cold storms. Plant in hills 6 feet apart each way, enrich the hills with a quantity of decomposed manure or packing house fertilizer; scatter 10 or 15 seeds on each hill, cover one inch deep, and press the soil firmly over them; thin out to three or four plants to the hill; never allow any of the fruit to ripen on the vines, as they will cease setting fruit as soon as seed commences to mature.

IMPROVED EARLY WHITE SPINE. This is a popular variety of medium size, light green color, with white spine; a good kind for shipping; is good for forcing as well as for out-of-door culture. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

EVERGREEN WHITE SPINE. Differs from the above in retaining a beautiful green color in all stages of its growth; is of good size, crisp and tender and a good shipper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 85c.



IMPROVED LONG GREEN. The old standard sort, of vigorous growth, long and crisp; good variety for pickling. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

CUMBERLAND. A new variety, which is especially desirable for pickling. Is a cross of the Paris Pickling and White Spine, and certainly has the good qualities of both. The vines are hardy, of a vigorous growth, fruiting very freely. The young cucumbers are of even size and regular form, thickly set, with small spines, making it a very attractive pickle. It retains its symmetrical form until fully grown, making it also a desirable slicing variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

THORBURN'S EVER-BEARING. This is a very early variety, also very productive. If the fruits are kept gathered, vines will continue bearing throughout the season. The fruits are of a medium size, and rich, dark green color. Owing to its productiveness, it is an excellent variety to plant for producing small pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 85c.

JAPANESE CLIMBING. This variety throws out strong, grasping tendrils, enabling it to climb poles or trellises in the same manner as Pole Lima Beans, thus keeping the fruits off the ground; it is very productive, and good for both slicing and pickling. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25.

EARLY FRAME, OR SHORT GREEN. Very useful early variety for table use or pickling purposes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

BOSTON PICKLE. An abundant bearer; highly recommended for pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

EARLY GREEN CLUSTER. Early, short and prickly; bears mostly in clusters. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

GHERKIN, OR BURR. A very small, oval, prickly variety, used exclusively for pickling. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

EGG PLANT

Eier-Frucht.

Aubergine.

CULTURE—Sow in hot beds very early in spring and transplant about two and a half feet apart, in rich, warm ground.

NEW YORK IMPROVED PURPLE SPINELESS. This is by far the best variety for the South; the fruits are of the largest size and perfect form; eight to ten grow on a plant. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75.

ENDIVE

Endivien.

CULTURE—Sow in July or August, cover lightly; thin out to 8 inches apart; tie up loose leaves to bleach.

Chicoree Endive.

GREEN CURLED WINTER. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c.

EVERWHITE CURLED. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c.

KALE

Blatterkohl.

CULTURE—Kale makes excellent greens for winter and early spring; sow in June or July, and transplant like cabbage. Will stand through the winter.

Chou-vert.

DWARF GREEN CURLED. Very dwarf and spreading; best strain. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

TALL GREEN SCOTCH. Taller growth of above. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

KOHL-RABI

Kohl-rabi.

CULTURE—This is an excellent vegetable, and should be in every garden. Cultivate same as cabbage. For fall crop sow in July; for early spring, sow in December or January.

Chou Rave.

EARLY GREEN VIENNA. The earliest and best for forcing, also good for open ground. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c.

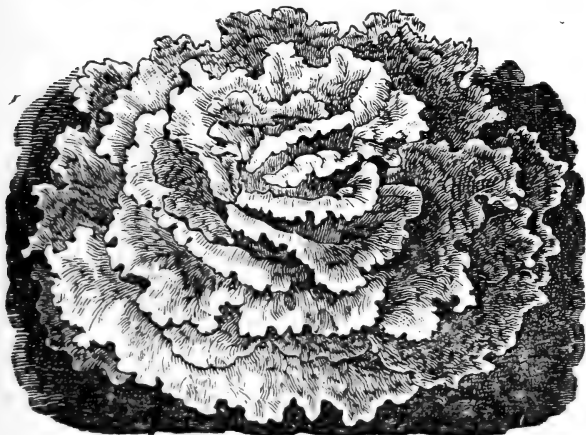
EARLY PURPLE TOP SMOOTH. Differs from Early Vienna only in color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c.

LETTUCE

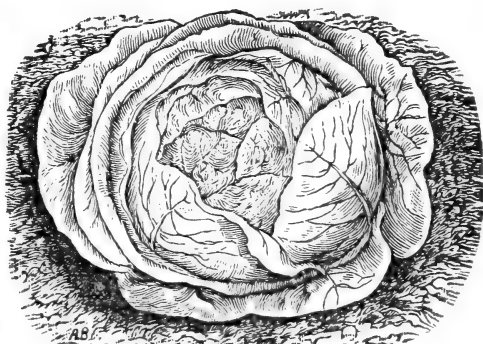
Salat.

CULTURE—Lettuce can be grown in Texas all the year round; to grow fine heads, the ground has to be good, and have plenty of moisture; for an early crop sow in frames in January or February, and plant out in March, giving them space in accordance with the size of the Lettuce; for summer crop, grow where sown, thinning out 6 or 8 inches apart.

Laitue.



Early Curled Simpson



Philadelphia Butterhead

EARLY CURLED SIMPSON. A leading variety; good for forcing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

IMPROVED EARLY HANSON. A curled variety; large and solid heads, crisp and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON. Very desirable variety; does not produce a head, but a compact mass of leaves. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

BLONDE BLOCKHEAD. A solid headed variety of rich yellow color; stands the heat of summer well. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

PHILADELPHIA BUTTER, OR EARLY WHITEHEAD. Our best large head variety; solid, well formed, tender, crisp and of good flavor; good for forcing as well as out-of-doors. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

BIG BOSTON. A fine strain for forcing or early outdoor culture; heads very large. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

ROYAL SUMMER CABBAGE. Unequalled for long standing; stands the summer heat better than any other; it forms very large, solid heads. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

BROWN DUTCH. A valuable fall and winter variety, standing almost any amount of cold. Outside leaves are very thick; color, green, tinged with brown; inner leaves are blanched, sweet, tender and well flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

GRAND RAPIDS. The best of all forcing lettuce; largely grown for shipping; loose head, crisp, tender and fine flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

STONEHEAD GOLDEN YELLOW. We strongly recommend this as an early, sure-heading variety, of superior quality, very solid and beautifully colored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

LEEK

Lauch-Porre.

Poireau.

CULTURE—Sow same as onions, transplant into well prepared rich beds, in rows one foot apart, and four to five inches in the row; set the roots deep and draw the earth to them when cultivating, so as to blanch them.

BROAD LEAVED LONDON FLAG. Strong, vigorous and hardy. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c.

LARGE ROUEN. Produces a short, thick stem, with dark green foliage; remains long in good condition. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c.

MUSK MELON

Zuckermelone.

Cantaloupe Melon.

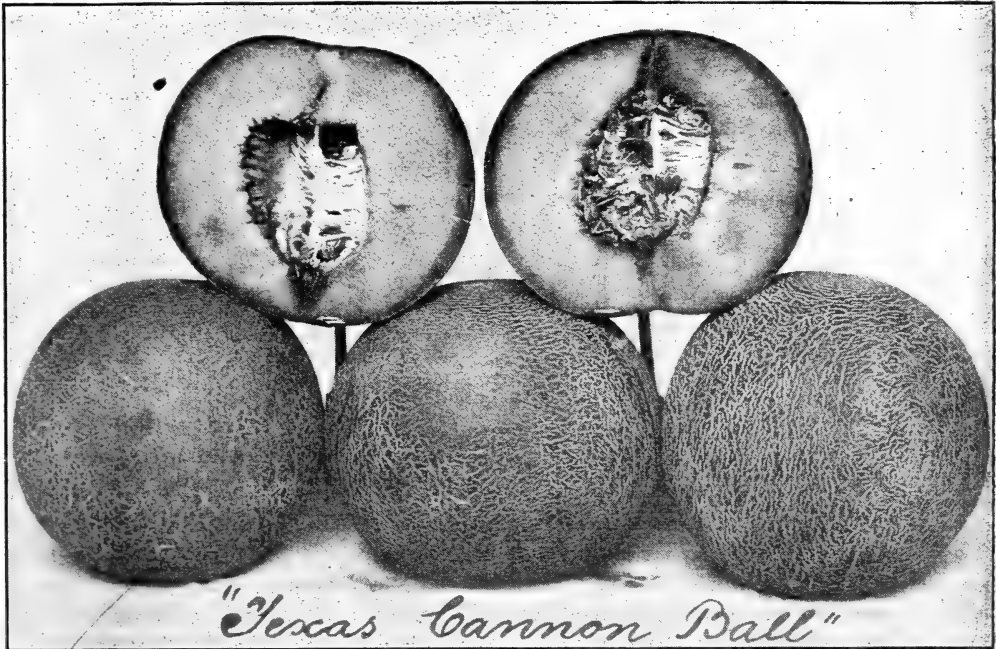
CULTURE—Plant in hills five to six feet apart, dropping ten seeds to the hill; thin out to three plants to the hill, cultivate until the vines cover the ground, and pinch the ends of the early shoots to induce early fruiting.

BURRELL'S GEM. This is a fine, new melon with rich salmon colored flesh, sweet and fine flavored; salmon fleshed melons as a rule are too soft for shipping purposes, but this melon differs in that respect, as shipments from Colorado reach New York market in good condition without icing, and have brought the top price of the markets; the melons are oblong with smoothly rounded ends, slightly ribbed and closely netted; skin is dark green with brownish netting; rind thin but tough; meat exceptionally thick and firm, but melting, of a deep rich salmon; they weigh about 2 lbs. each. Pkt., 15c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00.

EARLY HACKENSACK. A very valuable variety; ready for market a full week ahead of the old Hackensack; melons weigh from five to ten lbs. each; very productive; green netted skin, green flesh, rich and sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK. Ripens ten days before the large Hackensack; is round, well netted and of good size; larger than any other extra early musk melon. Flesh green and thick, delicious flavor and fine appearance. Its earliness makes it a very profitable variety to grow for market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

NETTED GEM, OR ROCKYFORD. This has become the most popular of small melons. The fruit is oval, slightly ribbed, densely covered with coarse netting; flesh thick, green, very sweet and highly flavored. Our stock of this is fine, saved from choice Rockyford melons. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., 85c.

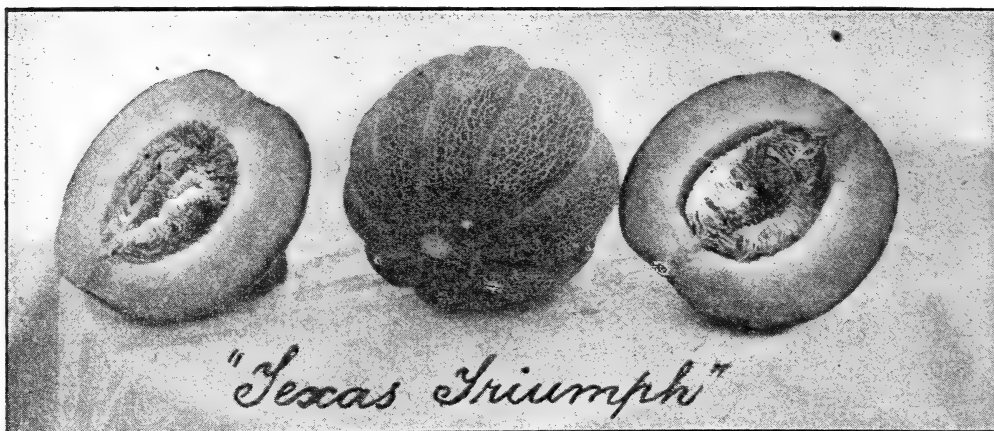


TEXAS CANNON BALL. For two years we had to quit cataloging this variety, owing to the difficulty we experienced in getting good, reliable, well netted stock; the party from whom we used to get our supply having lost out when the aphid, or green fly pest, was so bad. We consider this melon to be the best all-round cantaloupe for Texas, and for that reason could not afford to lose it. We had one of our reliable Dallas truckers to save from the finest specimens and best netted melons a few pounds of seed, which we sent to our grower, and from which he raised a crop of beautiful, well netted cantaloupes, of which he was justly proud. He wrote us during the growing season: "Your Texas Cannon Ball Musk Melon is certainly something very fine, its exceedingly fine flavor and extra shipping qualities are sure to make it a great favorite wherever introduced." We had him ship us a sample crate (from some of which we had the photograph taken, shown in our cut), and we must say, they were by far the sweetest and finest flavored melons we tasted that season. Flesh green, melting, and almost solid, with the smallest seed cavity of any melon. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

EXTRA EARLY GREEN CITRON. Extremely early; cultivated largely for market, and for this purpose it has no superior; when ripe is pale yellow green, flesh green, skin roughly netted. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

ACME, OR BALTIMORE. One of the best melons for the late market, its heavy foliage giving the fruit plenty of shade to protect it from our hot midsummer sun. It is of good size, oval in form, well ribbed and heavily netted skin, turning to a golden tint when ripened. Flesh firm and of superior quality. It is a great favorite with hotels and restaurants. We strongly advise truckers to plant some of this variety for their second crop. Our supply of seed this year is of extra fine quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

EARLY GREEN NUTMEG. An excellent melon for table, of oval shape, roughly netted, flesh green, sweet, melting and highly perfumed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.



TEXAS TRIUMPH CANTALOUPE, although new to most people, originated with the Dooley family in Wharton County, Texas, in 1872; is known by some as the Dooley Cantaloupe, and is much esteemed by those who know it. The originator claims it is the sweetest and best flavored melon ever introduced. It is a distinct variety. The vines grow vigorously and are very prolific, continuing to bear until late in the season. The fruit are deep through and are almost round. Skin dark green, ripening to a rich greenish gold color; are fairly well netted with prominent ribs. It is medium early; flesh pale green, very sweet and melting clear to the rind. Size of fruit quite even, weighing $3\frac{1}{4}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ pounds on the average. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00

JENNY LIND. An extra early sort and one of the sweetest; fruit small and globular, ribbed and netted; flesh green. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

WATER MELON

Wassermelone.

Melon d'eau.

CULTURE—The same as Musk Melon, only the hills should be eight to ten feet apart, according to variety.

Our Melon Seeds are all carefully selected Southern grown, which are far superior to those grown in the North, whose only recommendation is their cheapness. If you want to avoid disappointment, plant our choice Southern grown Melon Seed.

THE HALBERT HONEY. Until the introduction of this melon, the Kleckley, or Georgia Sweets, stood at the top for sweetness and richness of flavor. It will now have to take second place, as this new melon, while fully equal in flavor, sweetness and as handsome in color, is more regular in form and much more pro-

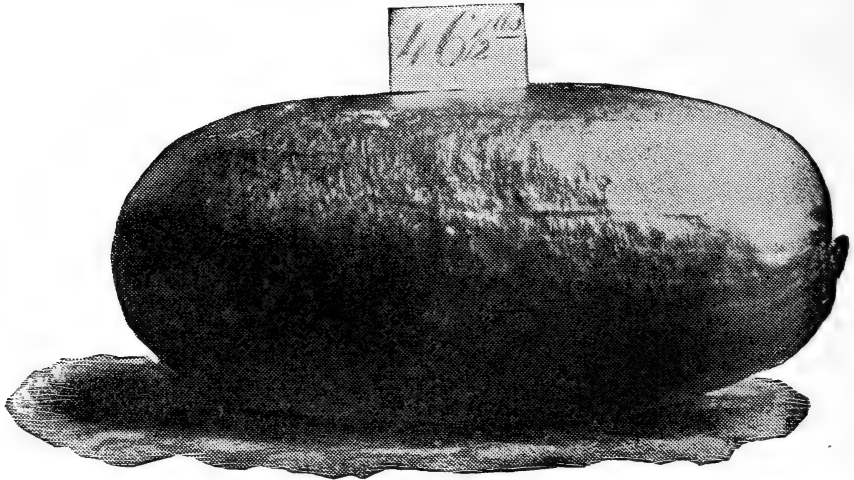


THE HALBERT HONEY

ductive. Growing as long as the Kleckley Sweets, the melons are blunt, both at stem and blossom ends, generally free from any appearance of neck. They are eighteen to twenty inches in length, by six to eight inches in diameter, color of rind a clear, glossy, deep green. The flesh is a beautiful crimson, extending to within half an inch of the rind, which, like the flesh, is so tender that it will not stand shipping any distance, unless carefully handled. It is essentially the melon for the home garden and local markets. In quality it is simply delicious, sugary and of a rich, fruity flavor peculiar to itself, free of all fibrous substances, the sweet flesh simply melts away in the mouth.

The vines are wonderfully prolific. It is no uncommon sight to see four or five melons growing together in a heap. Our original seed stock was obtained by us direct from Mr. H. A. Halbert, from which we have had this season's supply grown. The cut is from a photograph of a Halbert Honey, weighing about forty-five pounds, grown within three miles of Dallas from seed supplied by us. Market gardeners for nearby trade will find "Halbert Honey" the most profitable melon they can grow. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 85c.

KLECKLEY SWEETS, sometimes called Georgia Sweets, is (with the exception of Halbert Honey), the sweetest of all large Watermelons. The skin is too tender to admit of its being shipped long distances to market. Its fine quality makes it a most desirable variety for home use and nearby markets. Fruits are of large size, oblong in form, skin dark green, very thin rind; flesh bright scarlet, with broad, solid heart, crisp and sugary, and melting in the highest degree. Pkt. 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.



ALABAMA SWEET

ALABAMA SWEET. We can honestly say this melon has given better satisfaction and brought larger returns to growers than any other melon that has ever been offered. It is undoubtedly one of the finest shipping melons ever put on the market. It is a medium early, strong of growth, very productive, and bears longer than most melons. Alabama Sweet is a dark green melon with a faint black stripe; seeds are a dirty white color. It is of good size, we have weighed many that turned the scales at 50 to 60 pounds each. Its flavor is simply delicious and its outside appearance very attractive. Its size, shape and fine cutting qualities are such as make it a winner in any market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

BRANCH'S GENUINE RATTLESNAKE. This strain has been kept pure for over thirty years, being the only variety grown on Mr. Branch's farm. It is very much superior to the ordinary Georgia Rattlesnake. Its shipping qualities are of the very best; it is very attractive in appearance, has a thin rind, deep scarlet flesh and very delicious flavor. Our seed of this melon is strictly select. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

BLACK DIAMOND is a cross between Kolb's Gem and Hoosier King. As a shipping melon it is equal to Kolb's Gem, and far surpasses it in quality. Its prominent point of merit is its extreme size, being uniformly large, melons weighing from 75 to 90 pounds are frequent. Its color is a rich dark green, almost black, of uniformly symmetrical shape, roundish to bluntly oval. Melons of this shape are preferred on the Northern markets to the long varieties. Shippers of melons to the North should try the Black Diamond. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 65c.

BRADFORD. This is a favorite Southern melon, is a strong, vigorous grower and very productive. The melons are long and grow to a large size; color dark green with a still darker stripe of same color. The flesh is very tender, luscious and of fine flavor. The rind, though thin, is very tough, making it a very desirable shipping melon. We strongly recommend this melon for the Southern markets. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 65c.

GIRARDEAU'S TRIUMPH. A very fine melon, cross between Duke Jones and Kolb's Gem. Grows uniformly large; dark green rind, red flesh and fine flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 65c.



CONSTELLATION. This melon is one of the greatest novelties ever produced and is certainly a freak of the highest order, reproducing its peculiar marking on nearly ever melon; each melon, as will be seen by the above cut, has a large spot representing the moon and many small spots representing the stars, upon it; even the leaves on the vine are spotted. The peculiar marking is not the only recommendation to this melon; the flesh is delicious, almost equalling "Halbert Honey," which it resembles in shape and size. The party who grew for us a few of these melons near Dallas, so that we could have a photograph taken, told us he "could not keep his children away from the 'Heavenly' melons, they were so sweet." We have been working on this melon for some years back and now that we find its type is well set, we offer it to our customers, feeling sure it will become a great favorite. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

DUKE JONES. This is a grand melon; grows to a very large size, eighty lbs. not being uncommon; in shape slightly longer than Kolb's Gem; rind dark green, slightly striped; flesh bright red, juicy and delicious. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

GRAY MONARCH. One of the most productive varieties known; is of a mottled gray color, long in shape; flesh bright crimson, sweet and delicious. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

SEMINOLE. Extra early, very productive, fine flavor, flesh bright carmine. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

FLORIDA FAVORITE. Large and long, flesh light crimson, crisp and sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 65c.

JUMBO. Very large, flesh red and very sweet, good shipper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

MOUNTAIN SWEET. An old reliable sort, still very popular; flesh red. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

CUBAN QUEEN. Early, solid and heavy; skin striped light and dark green; has bright red flesh. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

SWEET-HEART. Fruit large, oval, very heavy, uniformly mottled light and dark green; flesh bright red, firm, very tender, melting and sweet. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

PHINNEY'S EARLY. Very early; flesh bright red, sweet, very tender and highly flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

GREEN SEEDED CITRON. For preserving only; flesh white and solid. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

RED SEEDED CITRON, or Kansas Stock Melon. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

MUSTARD

Senf.

Moutarde.

CULTURE—For salad and greens, sow broadcast early in spring, also in fall.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED. The best for greens, and is better suited for the South than any other mustard. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

OSTRICH PLUME, a fine, large-leaved variety, beautifully ruffled and frilled; of superior flavor when cooked. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

WHITE LONDON. Used for salad when young. Oz., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10c; lb., 35c.

LARGE SMOOTH LEAVED. Has a large, fleshy leaf. The flavor is mild and it is quite slow in sending up its seed stock, remaining a long time fit for table use. This variety fills a long felt want in the South. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

BLACK OR BROWN. Similar to white, more pungent. Oz., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10c; lb., 35c.

OKRA

Eszbare Hibiscus.

Gombaud.

CULTURE—Sow in drills about three feet apart and thin out to one foot apart.

WHITE VELVET. An improved variety of medium height; bears an abundance of white, smooth, tender pods. Oz., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

LONG GREEN. Long ribbed pods. Oz., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 40c.

DWARF GREEN. Early and productive, smooth pods. Oz., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 40c.

ONIONS

Zwiebel.

Oignon.

CULTURE—To grow fine onions, the ground should be well manured; you can not get it too rich; they require more or less manure every crop; the land should be well plowed and pulverized before planting; for large onions from the seed, sow in drills about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, thin out about 6 inches in the drills, and keep weeds cleared out. February is early enough to sow; you can also sow again early in the fall for bunch onions.

Onions have proved to be a good paying crop in Texas the last few years. They are less liable to damage by insects than other crops. When everything else was eaten up by the Aphis or green fly they flourished and did well. We would strongly recommend farmers to put in an acre or two as an experiment. Large onions can be grown from seed quite as easily and more cheaply than from sets that have been grown a previous season and carried over. **Good Seed** is of the utmost importance. The first cost of this seed is a small item compared to the expense of preparing, fertilizing and cultivation of the soil. Our seed is the best procurable. We have them grown on contract by careful growers. We find in Red and Yellow varieties, California grown seed is the best, and for White varieties, such as White Pearl, Silver King, etc., the Eastern grown seeds do best in Texas. We have watched results very closely and believe we are competent to advise what varieties are best to plant. Large growers of onions would do well to write us before placing their orders for seed.



EXTRA EARLY RED GLOBE. (Fig. 2.) An extra early, good yielder; medium size, solid and heavy; keeps well. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.65.

LARGE RED GLOBE, a fine onion for a main crop, growing large and a good shape, deep red color. This onion is becoming a favorite and the demand for it is heavier every year. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD. (Fig. 6.) A leading variety; is very productive and a fine keeper; grows large, skin purplish red. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. (Fig. 7.) A very desirable standard variety, good keeper and productive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 55c; lb., \$2.00.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN. A new variety which is fast becoming a favorite, having many good qualities to recommend it; it is of globular shape and brown in color; flavor is mild and sweet; it is very solid and proves to be a splendid keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 45c; lb., \$1.60.

GIANT YELLOW PRIZETAKER. (Fig. 1.) The best of all onions for a field crop; grows to a large size; form very attractive, being almost globe-shaped; flesh pure white, fine grained, mild and delicate flavor; is a splendid keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 55c; lb., \$2.00.

MAMMOTH SILVER KING. (Fig. 4.) One of the largest in cultivation; matures early and very uniform in size; flesh is snow white, tender, mild and sweet; a good keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 55c; lb., \$1.85.

EXTRA EARLY WHITE PEARL. A very early white variety, transparent like a pearl; of flat form, very mild and fine flavored; best suited for a bunch onion, as it does not keep well. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 55c; lb., \$2.00.

BERMUDA. The stock we handle is the true Teneriffe grown, imported by us direct from the best growers there, and has given our customers the very best of satisfaction. Our seed arrives about 1st of September in time for Fall planting.

WHITE BERMUDA. This onion, though shipped and known as a White onion, has an outer skin of a straw colored tone, the interior is, however, pearly white. Our stock of 1907 crop seed is sold out. For prices on 1908 crop seed write us in July and August.

RED BERMUDA. Same as the White in everything but color, which is pale waxy red. Our stock of 1907 crop seed is sold out. For prices on 1908 crop seed write us in July and August.

CRYSTAL WAX BERMUDA. (True stock, Teneriffe grown.) This is the pure white Bermuda onion which has brought the fancy prices on the Northern markets; its beautiful pearly white appearance, together with its mild, sweet flavor, makes it a very ready seller. We have a limited supply of 1907 crop seed at prices quoted below, (for 1908 crop seed write us in July and August). Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.10.

EL PASO OR LARGE MEXICAN. (Fig. 5.) A beautiful, large, flat onion, with pure pearly white skin; is well adapted to the South; will make onions weighing from one to one and a half pounds from the seed planted early in the spring, but will attain much larger size from sets grown in the spring and planted out in the fall to produce an early crop of bulbs the following spring. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 55c; lb., \$1.85.

PARSLEY

Petersilie.

Persil.

CULTURE—Early in Spring sow in rows one foot apart; can also be sown in fall; will stand all winter in the South.

PLAIN PARSLEY. Dark green leaves, good for seasoning. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

DOUBLE CURLED. Very beautifully curled, used for garnishing. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

TRIPLE CURLED. Very thickly curled and moss like. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

PARSNIP

Pastinake.

Panias.

CULTURE—In early spring sow in drills 15 inches apart, thin out to six inches.

LARGE SUGAR OR HOLLOW CROWN. The only variety for the South. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

PEAS

Erbse.

Pois.

CULTURE—Plant early varieties beginning of February. They are usually planted in double rows, three to four feet apart; stake those requiring it when about six inches high; keep them clean and earth up.

Remember our pint and quart price includes postage, if wanted Freight or Express at buyer's expense, deduct 8 cents per pint and 15 cents per quart from price.

Dwarf Varieties

EXTRA EARLY PHILADELPHIA. A favorite early sort; grows about two feet high. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 40c; peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.50.

FIRST AND BEST. A well known and valuable variety; strong growth, two feet high. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart 40c; peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.50.

EARLY ALASKA. The earliest blue variety; does well on black land; good shipper; height two feet. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 40c; peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.50.

McLEAN'S LITTLE GEM. Matures early, coming close behind American Wonder; is very prolific, pods long, well filled with peas of delicious flavor. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 40c; peck, \$1.50; bushel, \$5.50.

NOTT'S EXCELSIOR, the finest dwarf wrinkled pea ever introduced; cannot be recommended too highly; is an improvement on the "American Wonder;" can be planted same time as Extra Earlies; large pods, very productive, peas sweet and luscious. Pkt., 10c; pint, 30c; quart 45c; peck, \$1.75.

AMERICAN WONDER, an extra early, wrinkled variety of fine quality and flavor, grows about one foot high. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75.

DWARF GRAY SUGAR, edible pods. This pea is used the same as snap beans, and is the best of the edible varieties, the pods being sweet and tender. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75.

Intermediate and Late Peas

BLISS' EVERBEARING. In our estimation the best pea for main crop is medium early and continues to bear longer than any pea we know of; very prolific, has fine, sweet flavor; growth about 2½ feet high. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 40c; peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.50.

PRIDE OF THE MARKET, a very productive pea, of fine quality, pods large and generally well filled, a favorite with market gardeners; grows 18 to 20 inches high. Pkt., 10c; pint, 25c; quart, 45c; peck, \$1.75; bushel, \$6.00.

CHAMPION OF ENGLAND (wrinkled), one of the richest and best flavored peas grown; large, long pods, vine 4 to 5 feet high. Pkt., 10c; pint, 20c; quart, 40c; peck, \$1.25; bushel, \$4.50.

DWARF WHITE MARROWFAT, a favorite variety, splendid yielder; broad, well filled pods; vine grows 3 feet high. Pkt., 10c; pint, 15c; quart, 30c; peck, 80c; bushel, \$3.00.

PEPPER OR CAPSICUM

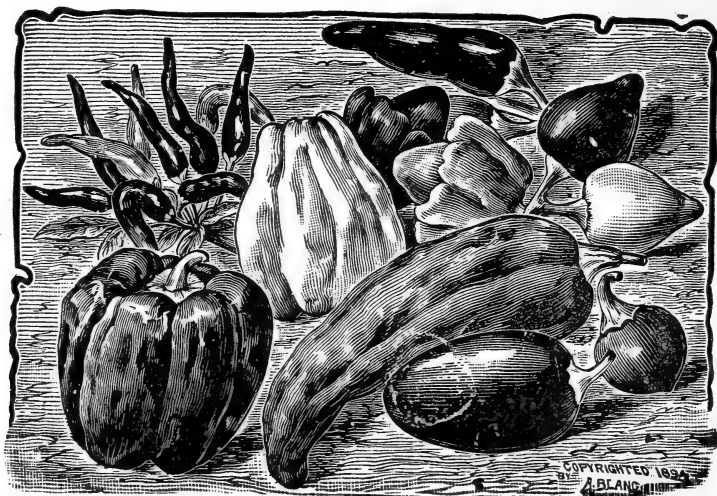
Pfeffer.

Piment.

CULTURE—Sow early in hot bed, and when soil has become warm, plant out in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches in the rows.

NEW CHINESE GIANT, is the largest mild pepper in cultivation; on account of its earliness, productiveness and large size, truckers have found this a most profitable variety. Flesh unusually thick, mild and sweet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25.

NEW NEAPOLITAN LARGE EARLY PEPPER, a sweet pepper which has been controlled by Italians, who marketed their peppers fully a week ahead of other growers. It grows about 3 inches long, but not as thick through as "Bull Nose." The flesh, however, is remarkably sweet and very thick. Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., \$1.00.



RUBY KING. This variety grows to a very large size, is from 5 to 6 inches long and 3 to 4 inches in diameter; very mild and of pleasant flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

LARGE BELL OR BULL NOSE, large, mild and thick, well suited to use as a stuffed pickle. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

LONG RED CAYENNE, very hot and pungent, used for pepper sauce and seasoning purposes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

CHILI, prolific, small variety; strong, used for pepper sauce. Pkt. 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

RED CLUSTER, a new type of Chili; bright red pods in bunches. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

POTATOES

See "Roots and Plants."

PUMPKINS

Kurbis.

Potiron.

CULTURE—When weather is warm plant in hills ten to twelve feet apart, dropping four seeds to a hill.

We would strongly recommend the planting of pumpkins, as they make splendid feed for hogs and cattle; they do well planted in corn, every fourth hill in every fourth row may be planted in pumpkin seed.

GOLDEN CASHAW. CROOKNECK, a great improvement on the old white Cashaw. The flesh is a rich yellow color, solid, fine grained, very thick, excellent for pies and equally good for baking, a splendid keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

GREEN STRIPED CASHAW, this is a very popular variety; the flesh is deep yellow, very thick and sweet, cannot be beaten for pies. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

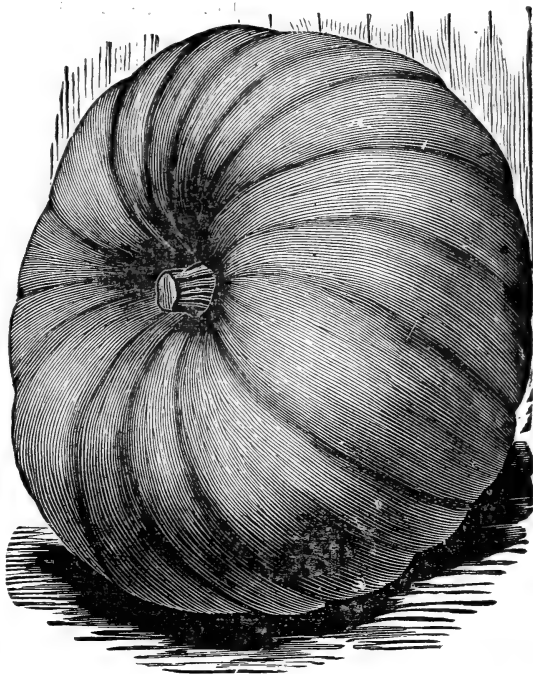
LARGE YELLOW FIELD, OR BIG TOM, very productive; grown for stock. Oz., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 35c.

LARGE CHEESE, flat, one of the best for family use, flesh yellow, thick, and excellent quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO. One of the very best Pie Pumpkins. They grow pear-shaped, of good size, slightly ribbed. Skin is creamy white, flesh is very thick, creamy white, dry and fine grained, keeping well until late in spring. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

KING OF THE MAMMOTHS, the largest of all Pumpkins, weighing at times over 150 pounds, grown mostly for show. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

MAMMOTH POTIRON, another very large variety, flesh yellow and of good quality. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.



King of The Mammoths

RADISH

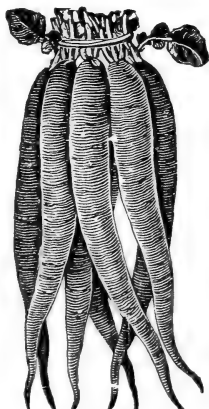
Radieschen oder Rettig.

Radis.

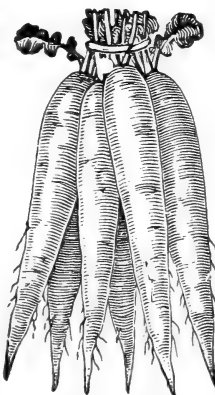
CULTURE—The soil for radishes should be light, rich and well pulverized, as their mild and crisp qualities depend much on their rapid growth. For very early use sow in mild hot beds in January, and in open ground as soon as the ground can be worked; for succession, sow at intervals of ten or twelve days; they also do well sown in the fall.



Scarlet White Tipped



Long Scarlet



White Vienna



White Summer

EARLIEST ERFURT, deep scarlet, very early; also good for forcing; of perfect shape. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

Turnip Shaped Varieties

NEW TRIUMPH. This new forcing or extra early radish is a most distinct novelty. The small, round, pure white roots are beautifully marked with spots and dashes of carmine. The tops are small and it matures about as early as any variety in cultivation. Desirable on account of its distinct beauty, earliness and good quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

NON PLUS ULTRA, deep scarlet (forcing), the finest of its kind; matures in 18 to 20 days; white fleshed, very crisp and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 85c.

SCARLET WHITE TIPPED, a very desirable variety for gardeners. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

SCARLET WHITE TIPPED (forcing), a beautiful little tender radish. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

EARLY SCARLET, very early, bright red, fine quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

ROUND CHINA ROSE, the finest of all round radishes; can be grown winter or summer. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25.

WHITE SUMMER is the same as Early Scarlet, except in color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

GIANT STUTTGART, a large, white, winter variety, of fine quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

ROUND BLACK SPANISH, fine for winter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

OLIVE SHAPED FRENCH BREAKFAST, scarlet, white tipped; a quick growing variety, very crisp and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

Long Varieties

EARLY LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP, very small and crisp, for frames or open ground. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

CHARTIER OR LONG ROSE WHITE TIPPED, very handsome, deep crimson blending off to white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

WHITE VIENNA OR LADY FINGER, keeps crisp and tender in summer. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

WHITE STRASBURG, handsome, oblong, tapering shape; both skin and flesh pure white, firm, brittle and tender, retaining its crispness even when roots grow large. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

ICICLE. Very crisp and tender, the finest and longest of the very early pure white varieties; is ready for use in twenty-five days after planting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

CHINA ROSE WINTER, very handsome and distinct; keeps well. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

LONG BLACK SPANISH, a popular winter sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 50c.

RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

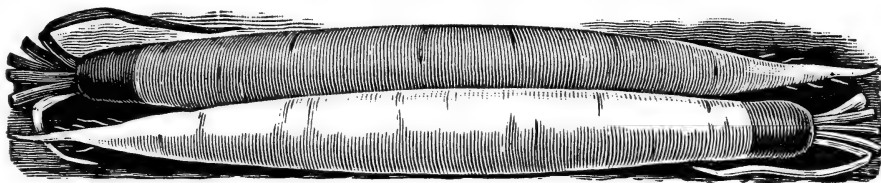
Rhabarber.

Rhubarbe.

CULTURE—Sow early in spring, in drills one foot apart, in fall or following spring transplant three feet apart.

LARGE VICTORIA, very large, rich in flavor, much esteemed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

RHUBARB ROOTS, see "Roots and Plants."



SALSIFY OR OYSTER PLANT

Haferwurzeln.

Salsifis.

CULTURE.—Sow in drills 8 inches apart, thin out to 3 inches.

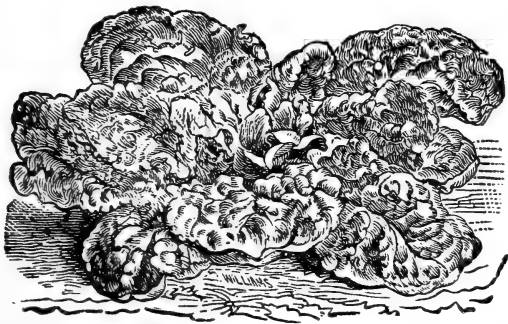
MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND, the superior variety, large. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

SPINACH

Spinat.

Epinard.

CULTURE.—The main crop is sown from September to December and will stand any ordinary Southern Winter; in rich soil, sow broadcast or in drills; for Southern Market Gardeners it is a good paying crop and easily raised. For Spring and early summer use, sow in February.



BLOOMSDALE CURLED SAVOY,

the standard variety; very tender

leaves. Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 35c.

SQUASH

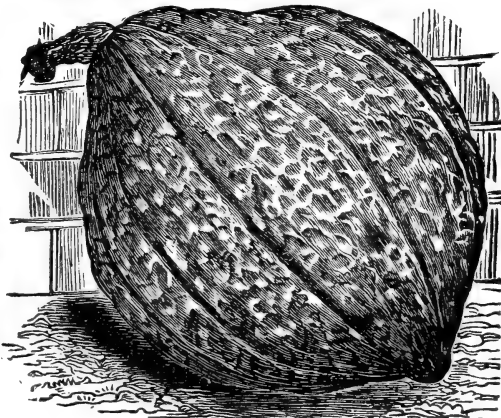
Speisekurbis.

Courge.

CULTURE.—Sow in hills in the same manner and at the same time as cucumbers and melons, bush varieties 2 to 4 feet apart, running kinds 6 to 9.



Early White Bush



Boston Marrow

BOSTON MARROW, the leading squash for fall and winter; hard skinned, good keeper; finely flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.



Crookneck

EARLY WHITE BUSH SCALLOP, earliest variety, dwarf habit and very productive, the chief market and shipping variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH. A large fruited strain of the Early White Bush variety; matures quite early, and will bear throughout the season if the fruits are kept gathered; the fruits will measure up to 12 inches in diameter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

EARLY BUSH SUMMER CROOK-NECK, very productive, small crook-necked and warty, color yellow. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

HUBBARD. This is the well known winter squash; vines of strong running growth, fruits large olive shaped, with dark green skin, and very rich flesh; an excellent keeper and of splendid quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

TOMATO

Liebesapfel.

Tomate.

CULTURE.—For early crops sow in January and February in pots or boxes, and place near a window or in spent mild hot beds, keep well watered, when plants are 3 inches high, transplant into another frame to remain until ready for planting out, this makes them strong and stocky. If you wish the first fruits that set to ripen quickly, pinch off the tops of vine and later fruit shoots; all vining varieties ought to be staked and tied up.

The growing of tomatoes has become a very important industry in Texas, and is yearly increasing; hundreds of carloads being shipped to the northern markets every year from all trucking sections of the State. We are very careful in selecting only varieties that are best suited for the State. We get our supply of seeds direct from growers of highest repute and feel confident they will give good satisfaction.

SPARK'S EARLIANA. This fine new tomato is the earliest smooth, bright red tomato of good size yet produced. It combines more good qualities than any other extra early variety. It is very early, being two or three weeks earlier than any other good sized smooth variety. It is also wonderfully productive, the vines being literally covered with fruit. The tomatoes are deep scarlet and grow closely together in clusters of five to eight, all of medium size, averaging two and a half inches in diameter. The flesh is deep red, with solid center and small seed cavity. It is a small seed yielder, so that the genuine stock will always be high priced. Our seed is raised from Spark's original strain. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; lb., \$2.75.

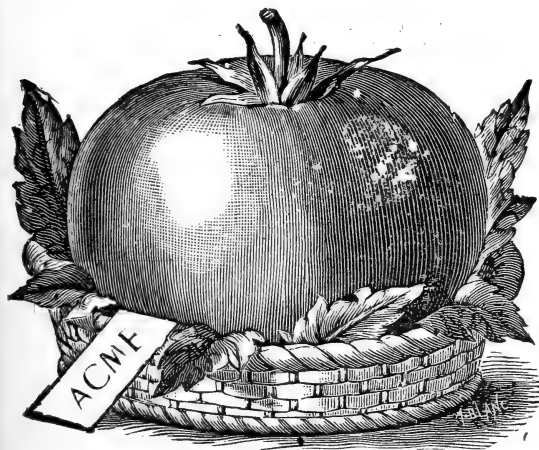
CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL is a very heavy cropper of fine large fruit of a sweet flavor, ripening a week to 10 days later than the Earliana; in color it is of a bright scarlet, ripens up to the stem, without cracks or green core, the flesh is thick and solid with few seeds; this is one of the new varieties that has come quickly to the front. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50.

LIVINGSTON'S NEW DWARF STONE is the largest fruited of all the dwarf or bush tomatoes. Its growth is even more erect than that of Dwarf Champion, and it stands that way until the branches get overloaded with fruit. It excels all other dwarf varieties, both as to productiveness and size of fruit. Ten fruits selected from one vine at one time weighed 5 pounds 3 ounces, while five fruits selected by eye for average-sized specimens, weighed 2 pounds 9 ounces; this was under field cultivation with no fertilizer.

The New Dwarf Stone is very early, equal in quality to the regular Stone, quite as productive, and like it, smooth, solid and of a beautiful scarlet color. We have often wished we had as fine a tomato as the Stone, in a Dwarf variety, as bush tomatoes suit the conditions of climate in Texas better than the vining varieties; and now we have got a dandy which will be hard to beat. Our seed is obtained from the originators, and in quantities of one ounce and over will be supplied in Livingston's sealed packets. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25.

DWARF CHAMPION is extra well adapted to Texas; its stout, erect, bush-like growth enables it to withstand the strong prevailing winds. It grows about two feet high and stands quite erect without staking. In color and form the fruits are similar to the Acme. It is quite as early as any purple fruited tomato; is very popular with Southern gardeners, as well as for home use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50.

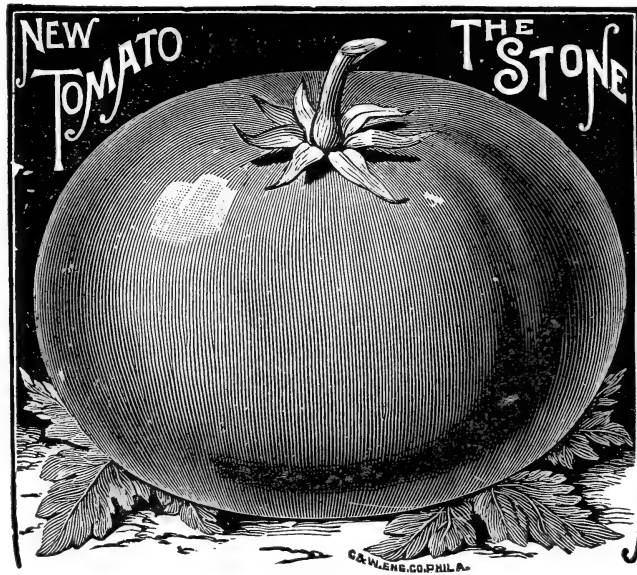
DWARF CHAMPION, in Livingston's sealed pkts.; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.10.



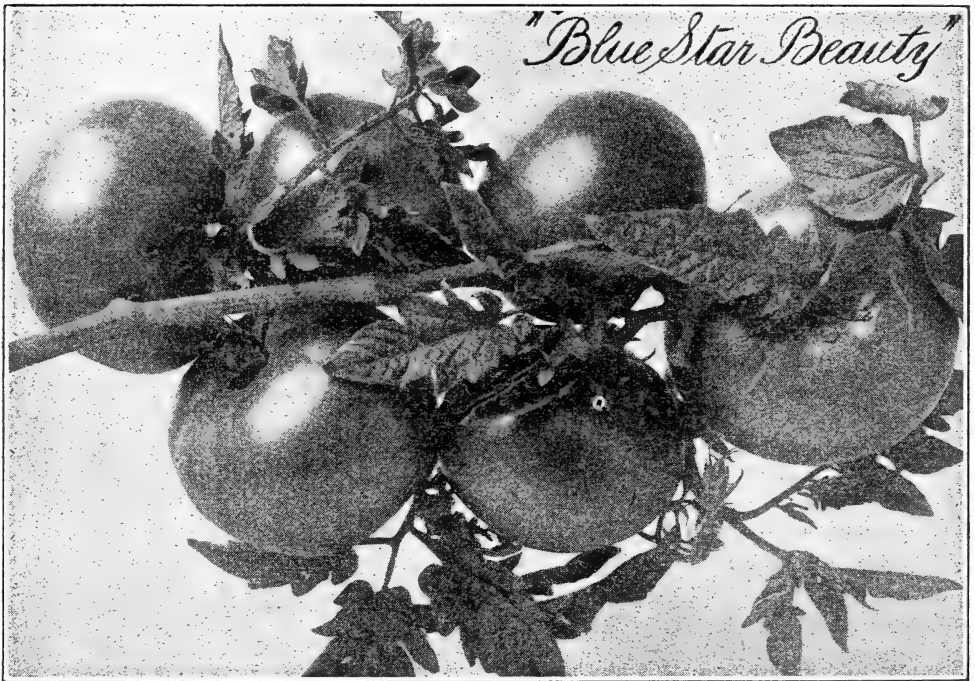
the Northern markets. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

IMPROVED TROPHY. The Trophy (an old favorite) was the first of the modern improved sorts, and it had qualities of color, size and solidity which entitled it to hold a place against the much lauded new kinds; all that it lacked was smoothness. In the Improved Trophy this fault has, by careful breeding and selection been overcome, while all the good qualities of the old Trophy have, if anything, been more fully developed. The Improved Trophy, with its strong-growing, vigorous and productive vine, very large, smooth, solid, fine flavored and beautiful deep rich red fruit, will satisfy the most exacting. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

EARLY ACME has proved the most satisfactory all-purpose tomato, and for planting in the South it cannot be beaten. Vine large, hardy and productive, ripening its first fruits almost as early as any, and continuing to bear abundantly until cut off by frost. It bears in clusters of four or five fruit of medium size, large enough for any use; form perfect, round, slightly depressed at the ends, free from cracks. Color, glossy red with slight purplish tinge; ripens all over and through at the same time. It is a good shipper. Its perfect form, solidity and earliness make it one of the best to grow for



LIVINGSTON'S STONE is a great favorite with Southern growers and market gardeners; very large, perfectly smooth, bright color. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60; lb., \$2.00.



BLUE STAR BEAUTY, an improved variety of the old Beauty, and grown specially for us. Our grower says it is the most perfect Tomato he ever raised; it is exceedingly well adapted to Texas, and where tried last year succeeded better than any other variety; it grows in clusters of four to six large fruits, is of a glossy

crimson color, perfect in shape, flesh very firm. It is productive, yielding more fruit per acre than any other kind; ripens early and evenly, and for early market cannot be excelled. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

PONDEROSA, in this tomato you have both quantity and quality; it is the largest of the tomato family, specimens often weighing two or three pounds each; is of dark crimson color, with very solid meat and exceptionally free from seed, of fine sweet flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50.

ROYAL RED, for the shipper and private gardener, this is a first-class main crop variety; not a single essential point is lacking; it is very productive, color a vivid red. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

LIVINGSTON'S EARLY PERFECTION, similar to Acme, but larger; invariably smooth, color blood red. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

LIVINGSTON'S FAVORITE, one of the largest, perfect shaped red tomatoes in cultivation, flesh solid, bears shipping long distances; fine canning variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

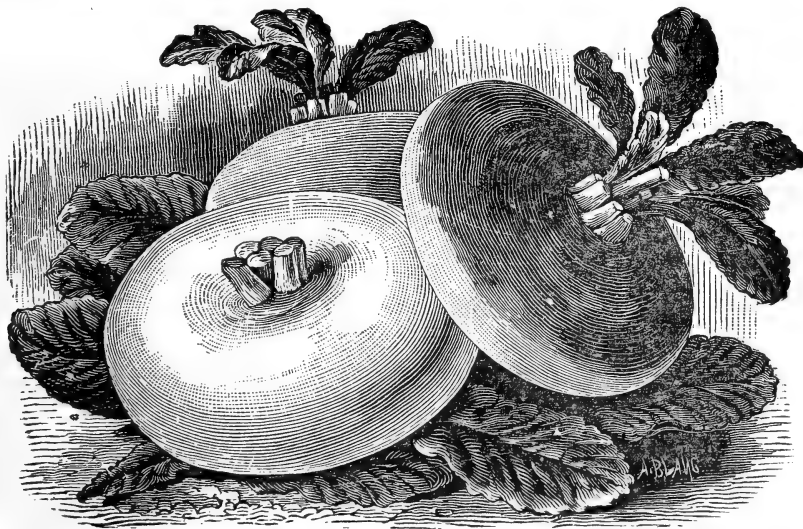
YELLOW PEAR SHAPED (Livingston's), for preserving and pickling; fruit bright yellow, true pear shape, solid. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c.

TURNIP

Weisseruebe.

Navet.

CULTURE.—For early spring crop sow the early flat varieties, as soon as ground will permit, either broadcast or in drills, 14 inches apart, thin out to 5 or 6 inches, for fall or main crop, sow when seasonable from July to October, all varieties do well in the fall.



EXTRA EARLY PURPLE TOP MILAN, flat, earliest and sweetest of all. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAVED, flat, good for spring or fall. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb., 45c.

WHITE FLAT DUTCH, good white, early sort. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 45c.

EARLY WHITE EGG, pure white, egg shaped, very desirable. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE, a standard sort, good for fall. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 45c.

POMERANEAN WHITE GLOBE, very handsome, well adapted to the South. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 45c.

COW HORN. Long white, resembling a cow horn; good for winter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 50c.

AMBER GLOBE. Solid, beautifully formed, good keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 45c.

GOLDEN BALL. Fine table variety; the best yellow for a fall crop. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 45c.

PURPLE TOP YELLOW ABERDEEN. Hardy, productive, good keeper. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 45c.

SEVEN TOP. For greens; very hardy, stands all winter. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 45c.

RUTABAGA, PURPLE TOP YELLOW. The finest for table or stock. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 45c.

TOBACCO

CULTURE.—A very clean piece of land is best for the tobacco plant beds. The seed is sown about February, and the plant-bed protected by plant-bed cloth to keep off tobacco flies, which often destroy the plants. When the plants are large enough and the weather is settled (about June), set the plants out in highly manured or fertilized soil, in rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and 3 feet between the plants. From this time constant care must be given, cultivating, suckering and examining, for worms, etc. As methods of curing differ according to variety, quality and color, whether to be sun or flue-cured, it would be impossible, for want of space, to give even an outline of the processes required for each. One ounce of seed will sow a bed 50 square yards.

BURLEY, by far the most popular sort grown in Kentucky, and said to do well in Texas, is valuable either for plug or cut tobacco, and is sometimes used for wrappers. We offer two types of this, as follows: White Burley: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00. Red Burley: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00.

VUELTA DE ABAJO. The finest, silkiest and highest flavored Havana tobacco grown. First crop seed. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50.

CHOICE HAVANA. An Americanized Havana, used generally for cigar purposes, although sometimes used as a manufacturing sort. Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00.

POT, SWEET AND MEDICINAL HERBS



Sweet Basil

Sage

Marjoram

Summer Savory

French Thyme

- ANISE**, seeds aromatic and carminative. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.
- BALM**, for culinary purposes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.
- BASIL, LARGE GREEN SWEET**, culinary herb, for flavoring soup, etc. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.
- CARAWAY**, for flavoring liquors and bread. Oz., 5c; per lb., 40c.
- CELERY**, for seasoning. Oz., 5c; lb., 35c.
- CHERVIL**, for flavoring soups, etc. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.
- CORIANDER**, seeds aromatic. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 50c.
- DILL**, seeds for flavoring pickles and vinegar. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 50c.
- FENNEL, LARGE SWEET**, seeds aromatic, for flavoring. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.
- LAVENDER, SWEET**, fine aroma. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.
- MARJORAM, SWEET**, for seasoning. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.
- MUSTARD, WHITE**, for seasoning. Oz., 5c; lb., 35c.
- RUE**, for medicinal purposes, good for fowls. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.
- SAGE**, used as a culinary herb, also used for medicine. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.
- SAVORY, SUMMER**, a culinary herb. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.
- TANSY**, used in bitters. Pkt., 5c.
- THYME**, used as a seasoning. Pkt., 5c.

VEGETABLE ROOTS AND PLANTS

ASPARAGUS ROOTS—Conover's Colossal, two-year-old. 25c per doz.; \$1.00 per hundred. Palmetto, two-year-old, 25c per doz.; \$1.00 per hundred. Barr's Mammoth, two-year-old, 25c per doz.; \$1.00 per hundred.

ARTICHOKES, JERUSALEM, good for hogs. 40c per pk., \$1.50 per bushel.

CABBAGE PLANTS, standard varieties, \$3 to \$4 per thousand, according to season.

EGG PLANTS, ready in April. 25c per doz.; \$1.50 per hundred.

HORSE RADISH SETS. 25c per doz.

PEPPER PLANTS, ready in April. 25c per doz.; \$1.50 per hundred.

RHUBARB ROOTS, \$1 to \$2 per dozen, according to size.

SWEET POTATOES. Vineless Yams, market price. Pumpkin Yams, market price.

SWEET POTATO SLIPS. \$2.50 to \$3.00 per thousand, according to season and variety.

TOMATO PLANTS. \$3.50 to \$4.50 per thousand, according to season and variety.

IRISH POTATOES. Bliss' Tennessee Triumph, Early Ohio, New York Early Rose, other varieties. Market prices for which write us.

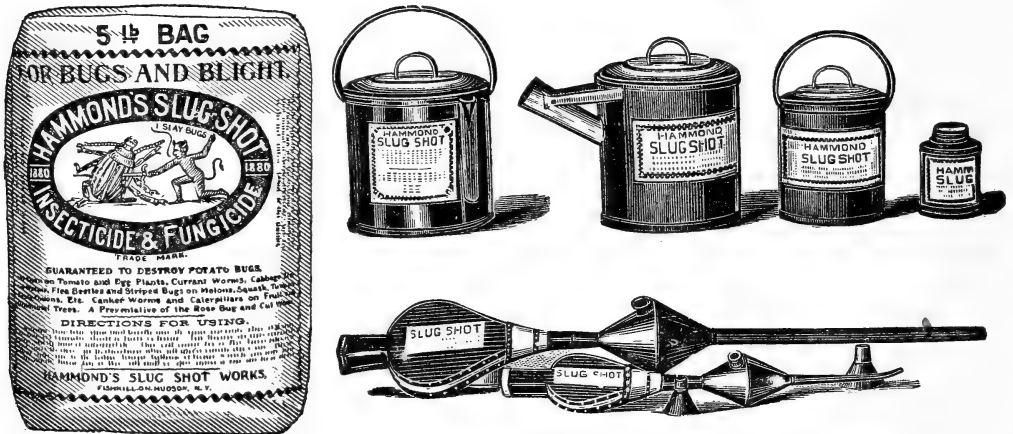
ONION SETS. Yellow Red and White Silver Skin, market prices. Will send one quart Yellow, Red or Multipliers at 30c per quart, postpaid. Will send one quart White Silver Skin at 35c per quart, postpaid.

BERMUDA AND WHITE PEARL ONION SETS. We have a large quantity of each grown for us in California, ready for the fall trade. They reach us about 1st of September. Price, per qt., 35c, mail paid. Write us for prices on quantities about date mentioned.

Anyone sending us an open order for so many dollars' worth of Potatoes, Onion Sets, Roots or Plants, may rest assured we will send them as much for their money as we possibly can.

NOTICE—Express or Freight charges on Roots and Plants to be paid by purchaser unless otherwise stated.

INSECT DESTROYERS



HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT, destroys all insects injurious to Potatoes, Cabbage, Squash, Melons, Cucumbers, Beets, etc., also lice on rose bushes and other flowering plants. This preparation though death to insects, does not injure the plants; in fact it is a fertilizer to them. Thoroughly dust the powder over the infected plants. Price 5 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs., 65c.

DUSTERS for applying "Slug Shot," two sizes. One-half gal., 35c; gal., 45c.

THE COMPLETE GARDEN BELLOWS. You can get under and over the leaves with it; very successful. Price \$1.50. All f. o. b. Dallas.

TOBACCO DUST, good for killing garden pests on flowering or vegetable plants; finest quality, 10c per lb.; \$5.00 per 100 lbs.

GREEN ARSENOID. This new poison we find is better than Paris Green in some respects. It contains more arsenic, and is therefore stronger. Its principal advantage, however, over Paris Green is that it is much lighter and therefore floats in water much longer. Anyone who has tried to keep Paris Green and water evenly mixed while applying will readily appreciate this great advantage. The Green Arsenoid will remain floating in the water for a long time, and requires very little agitation to keep it evenly mixed. It is also much less liable to injure the foliage than Paris Green. Price, 1-lb. can, 45c; ½-lb. can, 25c; ¼-lb. can, 15c. If wanted by mail, add 15c per pound extra. Special prices on large quantities.

FARM AND FIELD SEEDS

MANGLE WURZEL OR STOCK BEET

We would very much like to see a large increase in the planting of this root crop. The feeding value of Mangels for stock cannot be overestimated. They are unquestionably what are needed in our dry climate. Farmers will find that they are not only a cheap feed for stock, but one that is greatly enjoyed and eagerly devoured; besides, they keep the cattle in a fine healthy condition and greatly hasten their fattening for market. They also increase the yield of milk in cows very much. On good rich soil 600 to 1000 bushels can be grown to the acre. In feeding them they should be sliced, and if mixed with cut straw and a little bran or other crushed feed, so much the better.

MAMMOTH LONG RED MANGEL, a large, well-formed variety, blood red, very nutritious and a good keeper. Oz., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 35c.

GOLDEN TANKARD MANGEL (Fig. 4. See group of Beets). This is an entirely distinct type of Mangel, which is highly prized wherever introduced. In England it is largely grown by dairymen and sheep raisers. The former prize it not only for its great yield, but for the rich character of milk it produces, while the latter claim sheep fed on it thrive better and appear in much finer condition. It differs from all other Mangels, being deep yellow colored flesh to the core. Oz., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 35c.

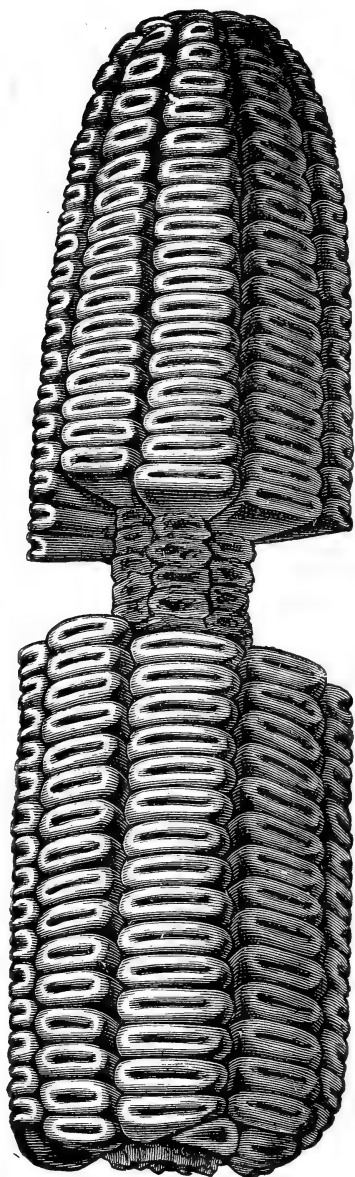
IMPERIAL FRENCH SUGAR BEET. This is also a good stock beet, highly prized throughout the world; is both productive and nutritious, and has good keeping qualities. It is extensively grown in France, both for feeding purposes and for the manufacture of sugar, which is more extensively used there than that made from cane. Oz., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 35c.

Will sell five pounds and upward of any of the above, express or freight paid by purchaser, at 23c per pound.

SEED FIELD CORN

There is no crop of greater importance to the farmer than that of his corn, for which reason we have used every effort in our power to learn the best varieties to plant to insure a crop, notwithstanding the conditions of seasons; and although we do not by any means know it all (for we learn more every season), we believe, from the reliable information gathered both from customers in our store and through the mails, as well as by observation in the field, we are in a position to give some advice as to what varieties to plant in our Southern country.

We think the judicious farmer should mix his crop, planting some of both native and early Northern corn, and we believe, should both have favorable growing weather, the Northern, if planted some thicker than the native, will yield the most corn. We contracted the past season with a successful seed raiser in Oklahoma for a carload of select White Wonder Corn, as we found from trials this corn succeeded well in Texas. Remember, all our seed corns are straight varieties, that silk and tassel simultaneously, which is an important factor in the fructification of the ears. Our Northern Seed Corn we shall obtain as heretofore, from the Missouri River Valley, where it is grown for us by a seed expert of long experience and highest repute. Will send by mail, postpaid, 1 lb. for 20c; 3 lbs. for 50c, of any of the varieties offered.



Hickory King

CHAMPION WHITE PEARL. This is a corn that has proven its merits in the South for years, giving a large and heavy yield every season. The appearance of the pure white corn is very handsome. The ears grow large and long, weighing from one to one and a half pounds each, filling out to a remarkable degree at both ends of the cob. The cob is white and of medium size. The grain is pure white, heavy and long, with the rows set close together. It makes a good meal corn, and being soft, is also good for feed. The Champion White Pearl matures in 90 days, thus giving early roasting ears in the spring, and is also planted late for fall roasting ears. On account of its many good qualities, the Champion White Pearl will give entire satisfaction wherever grown, and for whatever purpose. We highly recommend it for a general crop of white corn, as it has been tried year after year, under all conditions, and given satisfaction. Prices, 45c peck; 80c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushels; \$1.45 bushel; \$2.70 two bushels; \$6.50 for five bushels.

HICKORY CORN. This corn comes nearer being all corn and no cob than any other, the corn being so large and cob so small if you break an ear in two one grain will cover the end of cob. It is early. The ears from 7 to 9 inches in length, and are generally borne two to four ears per stalk, making it very productive. It makes a beautiful roasting ear, is highly desirable where a pure white corn is wanted for meal. Prices 50c peck; 90c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; 1.75 bushel; \$3.40 two bushels; \$8.00 five bushels.

IOWA SILVER MINE. This is one of the grandest corns ever introduced, and one that has proved a great success in Texas. From the many reports we had last season, the majority gave this corn as yielding the best of all white varieties. Stalks grow to a height of 8 to 10 feet, according to the location and soil, and set the ears $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet from the ground. In going through a field of it we noticed there were no barren stalks. Every one had an ear, and many had two. It has not a large growth of fodder, having been bred essentially for grain. It has, however, plenty blades to support the growth, and is as well rooted as any corn grown, which feature helps it materially during drouth. Ears measure 9 to 12 inches in length, and sometimes weigh as much as $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. The ears are very uniform in size and shape, with 16 to 20 rows of deep pure white kernels, set on a

small white cob, and are well filled over the tip. It is very early, maturing in 85 to 90 days. As proof of our high opinion of this corn, we have contracted for more than any other variety, White or Yellow. We can confidently recommend this variety to our customers. Prices, 45c per peck; 80c per $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; \$1.45 per bushel; \$2.70 two bushels; \$6.50 five bushels.

EARLY LEAMING. This is the earliest Yellow Dent Corn in cultivation, maturing in 80 to 85 days from planting. The most extensively grown corn in the Northern States on account of its uniform size and earliness in maturing a sure crop where the season is short. The grain is small and long, but the rows are so close together that the ears will shell off a remarkable amount of corn. On good land the stalks grow tall, producing two good ears to each stalk. The ears are not large, but are so uniform in size, and producing, as it does, two ears to the stalk, the yield is as large as the later varieties. The ears are long, with small red cob well filled with long grains of medium size of a rich golden color. Price, 40c peck; 75c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; \$1.35 bushel; \$2.50 two bushels; \$6.00 five bushels.

IOWA GOLD MINE. In this corn we have found one that combines the good qualities of all the Yellow Dent varieties. The length of the grain is one of its special features, which, combined with a medium sized cob, makes it a heavy yielding corn. From 70 pounds of ears, 60 to 62 pounds of shelled corn may be obtained. The color of the grain throughout is a bright yellow. Among the different yellow varieties the Iowa Gold Mine has the finest appearance, both on the cob and shelled. Prices, 40c per peck; 75c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; \$1.35 bushel; \$2.50 two bushels; \$6.00 five bushels.

EARLY MASTODON. This is a Yellow Dent Corn that has been planted in Texas and the Southern States for several years, with singular success. We have been acquainted with it for at least fifteen years, and we have never known it to fail in making a crop. The stalks grow strong, rank and quick. The ears are long and heavy, filling out well to the end of the cob. The grain is long, not extra large, but closely packed to the cob, insuring a large per cent of shelled corn. In color it combines the shades of white and yellow, the yellow predominating. It is a heavy yielder, very early, maturing here in 85 to 90 days. Its originator first grew it eight miles from Lake Erie, where corn has to mature inside of 100 days to escape the early frosts. We have no hesitation in strongly recommending this variety to intending purchasers. Prices, 40c peck; 75c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; \$1.35 bushel; \$2.50 two bushels; \$6.00 five bushels.

WHITE WONDER CORN. Is a medium early white variety grown for us in Oklahoma. We have had it thoroughly tested in Texas, and find it is admirably suited to our soil and climate. It has a strong, vigorous growth, ears of a good size, extremely long, well filled, sound and weigh out exceptionally heavy. It is the most popular variety grown in West and Southwest Oklahoma, many of the large farms and ranches planting this variety exclusively. The White Wonder is not a strictly pure white variety of corn, but very near it; in the true type occasionally a grain will be found with a slight shade of blue, red or yellow. For feeding purposes it is unequaled, as the grains are not flinty, and analysis shows it is exceedingly high in fattening properties. It also makes a fine meal corn. Prices, 50c per peck; 90c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; \$1.50 per bushel; \$2.90 two bushels; \$7.00 five bushels.

TEXAS CHAMPION YELLOW DENT. This is a very fine, long grained corn, which has been improved by careful selection of seed stock for a good many years, until it is now almost a perfect corn. It has long, heavy ears, with the grain very

deep and closely set on a reddish cob. It is claimed this corn will resist drouth better than any other native variety, and that it shrinks very little after being cribbed. Prices, 45c peck; 85c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; \$1.50 bushel; \$2.90 two bushels; \$7.00 five bushels.

BLOODY BUTCHER OR GOLDEN TIP. This is a red corn with very large ear, a great yielder of both grain and fodder, and the best late corn for Texas. The ears are of good form and heavy. Our stock is carefully selected and especially grown for seed. Prices, 45c peck; 85c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; \$1.50 bushel; \$2.90 two bushels; \$7.00 five bushels.

TEXAS STRAWBERRY. This corn, which is a large-eared variety and heavy yielder, is a great favorite with many of our farmers. It makes a fine feed corn. Prices, 45c peck; 85c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; \$1.50 bushel; \$2.90 two bushels; \$7.00 five bushels.

SQUAW CORN;. This is the original Indian corn. It is very prolific, often having two and three stalks from one grain, with two or three ears to the stalk. It can be planted both spring and summer. Some people prefer it to "Mexican June" for late planting, and it makes a fine roasting ear. The grains are peculiarly mixed in color, blue, speckled and white. Prices, 45c peck; 85c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; \$1.50 bushel; \$2.90 two bushels; \$7.00 five bushels.

MEXICAN JUNE CORN. This is purely a Southern corn; has been grown for years in the drouthy districts of Southern Texas, New and Old Mexico, and of late years has been planted considerably all over Texas and other Southern States. It has certainly proved a great boon to the farmers, as it can be planted in June and July on oat and wheat stubble, and with moisture enough to start it good, it is reasonably certain to make a good crop. Remember, June Corn should not be planted before June. (If planted earlier, will grow nothing but fodder.) Prices, 50c per peck; 90c $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel; \$1.50 per bushel; \$2.90 two bushels; \$7.00 five bushels.

POP CORN

MONARCH WHITE RICE, the best to plant for market. Prepaid, per lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 65c, not prepaid.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN, pops a beautiful creamy white, fine flavor. Prepaid, per lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 65c, not prepaid.

BROOM CORN

Broom corn straw is still bringing a very good price on the market. Farmers who understand the handling of it should find it a very profitable crop.

IMPROVED EVERGREEN. The fiber is long and fine, and keeps its green color well. Prepaid, per lb., 20c. Market prices on quantities.

DWARF. Grows from three to four feet high, with straight, smooth brush. Prepaid, per lb., 20c. Market price on quantities.

PEANUTS

There has been a marked increase in the acreage planted in Peanuts, many farmers having made quite a success with them. They make a splendid feed for hogs, while the larger varieties find a ready sale for parching. They can be planted from April to July.

SMALL SPANISH, an early and very prolific variety, which grows erect and does not spread on the ground like the other kinds; can be cultivated entirely

with a plow, and are easily gathered, as all the peas hang closely to the roots. The tops, when harvested, make good hay. The fruit is smaller than the Virginia, but is very solid, and the plants yield heavier, and are well suited to the climate and soil of Texas. They are excellent for fattening hogs. Prepaid, per lb., 25c. Not prepaid, per peck, 60c; bushel, \$2.00.

VIRGINIA JUMBO. The largest Peanut grown; are the favorite for parching. They are of a spreading habit, and are cultivated in ridges like sweet potatoes. In a favorable season they make a large yield. Prepaid, per lb., 25c. Not prepaid, per peck, 65c; per bushel, \$2.25.

LONG RED, a variety chiefly raised for hog feed; the kernels are deep red in color; each nut contains from two to four kernels. This variety does well on both heavy black and sandy land. Price, prepaid, per lb., 25c; not prepaid, peck 65c; bushel, \$2.25.

SUGAR CANE AND FORAGE PLANTS

For those living in sections subject to drouth we cannot too strongly recommend the planting of Sorghum, Kaffir Corn, etc., as they almost certainly give them fodder the driest of seasons; all regions are at times subject to drouth; we therefore think that every farmer should be on the safe side and plant some of these drouth-resisting forage plants. The drouths in past years have been beneficial, in that they have enabled many people to find out what they can do with forage plants they have never tried before. We carry a heavy stock of all kinds during the planting season, but as prices fluctuate so much, we cannot quote in quantities; on open orders we always ship at market price of day order was received, your full money's worth, or you can write us for prices when wanting to buy.

EARLY AMBER CANE. We consider this one of the best sorghums for feed; it is very early, and on account of its sweetness and leaves, it is much relished by all stock, either in its green state or cured. It is planted extensively by dairymen and stockmen for hay, and in a favorable season can be cut three times and then grazed all fall. For the best quality of hay, it ought to be planted thick, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 bushels to the acre. It makes good syrup, but being a small stalk, is not generally planted for that purpose. Price, prepaid, 20 per lb. Write for prices in large quantities.

EARLY ORANGE CANE is also a good forage cane, but having a large, heavy stalk, is better suited for sowing in drills for cutting green than for hay. It is very juicy and highly recommended for syrup; is 12 to 14 days later than amber. Price, prepaid, 20c per lb. Write for bushel prices.

TEXAS SEEDED RIBBON CANE. This cane gets its name from being a variety that closely resembles the true ribbon cane raised from cuttings. It makes the finest kind of syrup. The customers who bought seed from us last season were highly pleased with results. Price, prepaid, 25c per lb.; not prepaid, 75c per peck.

RED TOP OR AFRICAN CANE. This is a variety of cane very much planted in the Panhandle and Western Texas. It is a very rank grower, and makes a large amount of fodder, and is one of the very best syrup canes. Price, prepaid, 20c per lb. Write for bushel prices.

WHITE AND RED KAFFIR CORN

This is a variety of Sorghum non-saccharine, and distinctly different in habit and growth and other characteristics from all others of that class. The plant

is low, stalks perfectly erect. The foliage is wide, alternating closely on either side of the stalks. It does not stool from the root, but branches from the top joints, producing from two to four heads of grain from each stalk. The heads are long, narrow and perfectly erect, well filled with grain. The average height or growth on good strong land, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 feet; on thin land, $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 feet. The stalk is stout, never blown about by winds, never tangles, and is always manageable, easily handled. A boy can gather the grain heads or the fodder. The seed heads grow from 10 to 12 inches in length, and product of grain on good land easily reaches 50 to 60 bushels per acre.

It has the quality common to many sorghums of resisting drouth. If the growth is checked for want of moisture, the plant waits for rain, and then at once resumes the process, and in the most disastrous seasons has not failed, so far, to make its crop. On very thin and worn land it yields paying crops of grain and forage, even in dry seasons in which corn has utterly failed on the same lands. The whole stalk, as well as the blades, cures into excellent fodder, and in all stages of its growth is available for green feed, cattle, mules and horses being equally fond of it, and its quality is not surpassed by any other known variety. If cut down to the ground two or more shoots spring from the root, and the growth is thus maintained until checked by frost. Kaffir Corn may be planted in the latter part of March or early in April. It bears earlier planting than either Millets or Sorghums. It should be put in rows not over three feet apart, even on the best land, and it bears thicker planting than any other variety of sorghum; should be massed in the drill on good land, for either green or forage purposes, and also on thin land if forage mainly is desired. No plant can equal it for quality and quantity of grain or forage on thin lands. Price, prepaid, 20c per lb. Write for bushel prices.

DHOURA CORN

YELLOW MILO MAIZE. This excellent fodder plant has proved of great value during dry years in Texas. The stalks grow about eight feet high and produce a good many large leaves. It stools from the ground; also sends out shoots from the joints, all making grain heads. Can be cut two or three times, letting the last cutting mature heads. Should be planted in drills four feet apart, and cut out 18 to 20 inches in the drill. Five pounds will plant an acre. Price, prepaid, 20c per lb. Write for bushel prices.

BROWN DHOURA, is similar to yellow Milo Maize, only the grains are of a dark brown color and flat. It has proved a splendid yielder in Texas; does not blight nor smut. Makes fine feed for all kinds of stock, and is extra good chicken feed. Price, prepaid, 25c per lb. Write for prices on quantities.

JERUSALEM CORN. This is another good grain to plant in dry sections. It stands drouth fully as well as any of the Dhoura corns. It grows from 4 to 5 feet high, with one large head on the main stock and several small heads on side shoots. The grains are pure white, and nearly flat. They are not only extra fine feed for poultry and other stock, but also make a very nutritious meal, much relished by those who have tried it. Price, postpaid, 25c per lb. Write for prices on quantities.

MILLET

LARGE GERMAN. This is the favorite Millet of Texas, on account of its large yield; on good land with a favorable season, five tons to the acre being not uncommon; makes lot of leaves. To make the best hay it should be cut green, when heads are in full bloom, but if wanted for seed, must be allowed to

ripen. Should not be sown before April, when ground gets warm. Three pecks will sow an acre. Price, prepaid, 20c per lb. Write for bushel prices.

HUNGARIAN. We generally carry some of this Millet in stock, as some people will sow no other. It has a finer stalk than German, and is an abundant yielder. Write for prices.

PENCILLARIA, PEARL OR CAT-TAIL MILLET. This millet should be planted in rows like sorghum. It is very valuable for feeding green to cows and horses. It stools out largely from the ground, and makes a great mass of foliage. It grows very fast, and can be cut several times; will keep on growing until frost. Price, prepaid, 30c per lb. Write for prices in quantity.

JAPANESE BARNYARD MILLET. This wonderful and valuable new forage plant was introduced into this country by Prof. Brooks, of the Massachusetts Agricultural Experiment Station, and has proved a great success in every section of the United States that it has been tried in. It has done remarkably well in Texas and the Territories, yielding enormous crops of hay and fodder of the best quality, and yielding as much as ten tons per acre. It is much relished by horses and cattle. The seed may be sown about corn-planting time, or a little later. The crop matures in 50 to 60 days. It can stand almost any amount of rain with impunity; does not drown out like German or other millets. The seed does not hurt stock, nor is there any danger to stock from eating it in the green state, like there is at times from sorghum. Sow about 30 pounds to the acre. Prices by mail, prepaid, 25c per lb.; by freight or express, not prepaid, 10 lbs., 75c; 100 lbs., \$5.50.

COW OR STOCK PEAS

The Cow Pea is certainly one of the Southern farmers' best friends. There is no surer means of increasing the productiveness of the soil than planting Cow Peas; at the same time they are splendid feed for hogs and all other stock. They grow on any soil that is not wet or cold, and especially on soils medium or light. They absorb nitrogen from the atmosphere, and the roots reaching deep into the soil, bring up the necessary potash, thus making a complete and natural fertilizer. The Cow Pea has power greater than any other legume to extract the nitrogen or ammonia from the atmosphere, and store same in the vines and roots, so that even if the crop is cut off, the land is enriched by the roots. In the South they can be planted from April till August; if planted for peas, avoid planting them so that they will bloom in the heat of summer, as the peas will not set in very warm weather. Can be planted either in drills or broadcast, and do well scattered in corn the last plowing. Market price on Cow Peas fluctuates. Write us for prices when wanting to buy.

WHIP-POOR-WILL, a very early variety of Cow Pea, is a heavy yielder of peas; excellent for fattening hogs; best variety to plant for an early crop, as they make before the heat of summer. Write for prices.

WONDERFUL. This is the greatest vining pea we know of, and if planted rather late, so that it blooms in August and September, will make an abundant crop of peas. We strongly recommend this variety both for feed and soiling. Prices on application.

CLAY, RED RIPPER, AND BLACK are all good varieties of vining peas, but very scarce. We will try, if possible, to have a stock of them. Write for prices.

BLACKEYE PEAS belong to the same family, and are very productive in this country. They are a fine table pea. The vines also make good fodder. Write for prices.

CREAM PEAS. This pea surpasses "Black Eye," "Lady" and all other peas for table use. It has a delicious flavor and cooks quickly. Peas are of a medium size and cream color. We should strongly advise customers to try a few. Price prepaid, 25c per lb.; not prepaid, 10 lbs., 85c.

SAND OR WINTER VETCHES

We believe this variety of stock peas will be planted very generally, especially for winter and early spring grazing. It belongs to the same family as the Cow Peas, but has this advantage over them, that they can stand heavy frosts, and in our Southern climate will grow all winter. We have had some customers the past year from Louisiana and Southern Texas who planted Winter Vetches in their Bermuda pastures, splitting the sod and dropping the peas, in this way making a splendid winter pasture when the Bermuda is perfectly dormant, and at the same time greatly improving the soil, causing much more luxuriant growth of grass in the spring and summer. (We might mention here that Bermuda gets turf-bound, and the splitting would improve its growth even without the peas.) If farmers would plant more of the soil-improving forage plants they would not feel the drouths half so bad. Best time to sow Vetches is September and October. Half a bushel Rye and thirty pounds of Vetches will make a fine winter pasture. Price, prepaid, 25c per lb.; not prepaid, 10 lbs., \$1.30; 100 lbs., \$12.00.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE

Rape is much like the Swedish turnip or rutabaga in appearance, but the root is more like that of a cabbage.

Under ordinary field conditions the plant reaches a height of from 1½ to 4 feet, and the strong-growing roots penetrate the soil to a considerable depth.

For its best development, rape requires a rich, moist, loamy soil, and will usually do well on any but light sandy soils and stiff clays, such soils being usually deficient in vegetable matter. In general, a soil that will produce good crops of turnip, cabbage, wheat and corn will be suitable for rape.

Results from experiments prove that the growing of a crop of rape on land that has been sown in wheat for a number of years produces a decided increase in the yield of wheat the succeeding year.

Rape has a high feeding value. It makes an excellent feed for fattening sheep and swine, and for producing an abundant flow of milk in milch cows, is also a valuable food for young lambs at weaning time, and will endure quite severe cold weather, and thus will last a long time after the ordinary pasture grasses succumb to the frost.

With sheep and cattle care should be taken at first not to allow the animals to eat too much, as there is danger of injury from bloating. Hungry animals should not be allowed to eat their fill, and it is best not to turn them into the rape when the leaves are wet. There is no danger of bloating with swine. It is an excellent plan to have the fields so arranged that the sheep and cattle have access to an open pasture as well as to the rape. Animals should have free access to salt at all times when being pastured on this crop.

Throughout the Southern States rape should be grown in September and October, and again in February and early March. If sown in drills, 4 to 5 pounds;

if broadcast (which we believe best for the South), 7 to 8 pounds to the acre. Mr. Duffel, the famous hog raiser, of Ross, Texas, who tried rape thoroughly the past two years, writes us under date of April 28, 1902: "Dwarf Essex Rape is all O. K. for hog pasture. Never saw anything half as good before." It is cheap fall and winter feed. Price, prepaid, 25c per lb.; not prepaid, 10 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

SOJA BEAN

This variety has been extensively advertised as the German Coffee Bean, the seed being sometimes parched and ground for use as coffee. Plants grow to a height of 1½ to 2 feet, and are very productive. The plant, being a legume, is a good soil enricher; also makes very nutritious forage. Plant in drills 3 feet apart, one foot apart in the row, dropping two beans in a hill. Price, prepaid, 20c per lb.; not prepaid, \$1.00 peck; \$3.50 bushel.

SUNFLOWER

MAMMOTH RUSSIAN. This variety is largely cultivated for the seed. The plants produce large heads measuring 12 to 15 inches in diameter, which contain an immense quantity of large seeds, that make a valuable and healthy food for fowls, who eat them greedily, fattening well and causing the plumage to take on a bright, lustrous appearance. They are also good for making chickens lay. Small rations of the seed fed to horses and other stock during winter months serve to keep them in fine, healthy condition. It is also claimed they will keep off malaria. Price, prepaid, 25c per lb.; not prepaid, 12 lbs., \$1.00.

FLAX SEED, prepaid, 20c per lb.; not prepaid, 75c peck; \$2.50 bushel.

BUCKWHEAT

Sown principally in Texas for bees. Generally planted in May and June.

SILVER HULL, prepaid, per lb., 25c. Not prepaid, per pk., 75c; bu., \$2.50.

JAPANESE, prepaid, per lb., 25c; not prepaid, per peck 75c; bu., \$2.50.

SPELTZ OR EMMER

Yields a heavy crop of grain similar to barley, and is readily eaten by all kinds of stock. We would advise our customers to try a small patch of it. It takes 60 pounds to plant an acre. Price, prepaid, 20c per lb.; by freight or express, not prepaid, 10 lbs., 60c; 20 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$4.00.

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH. The forage plant for alkali and arid soils; it comes from Australia where it is valued very highly by the ranchmen on the inland plains; sheep and cattle fatten on it, even when they have no other food. United States Government reports tell us that experiments made in this country have proved that barren alkali soils have been made productive and valuable by planting "Salt Bush." Price, 10c pkt.; 15c oz., 50c ¼ lb.; \$1.50 lb.

SMALL GRAINS

WHEAT, MACARONI. This is a hard wheat which is yearly growing more popular in Texas. It is the only wheat we have which will succeed well planted in the spring. The government is strongly recommending it for planting in the semi-arid portions of the State, as it withstands drouth better than any other variety of wheat. It yields immensely. We have known of crops making as high as 35 bushels to the acre, and have heard of some much larger. It is the best wheat known for making macaroni. Besides, the mills here say, as soon as they can get it in sufficient quantities, they will grind it. Flour made from it makes healthier bread than that from soft wheat. It has great fattening properties, will help out the feed question considerably when corn is short. Sown in the fall, it makes splendid pasture. Price, per bushel, \$1.50; 10 bushels, \$14.00.

WHEAT, MEDITERRANEAN. We will carry some choice seed of this variety in fall. We find select seed raised in Northern Texas has yielded much better than the so-called high-bred wheat from Oklahoma. Write for prices.

WHEAT, FULTZ (soft, smooth head). This wheat has done remarkably well in Texas the past two years, much better than any other smooth head variety. It has the advantage of being two weeks earlier than Mediterranean, enabling the farmer to have it cut and threshed and out of the way ahead of the rush. Write us in the fall for prices, if wanting some good seed wheat.

BARLEY (Spring bearded). We have a supply of Missouri and Kansas Barley for early spring planting. There is a growing demand for Barley. It makes excellent hog feed. Should be steeped in water before being fed. In California they feed their horses and mules entirely on Barley. Write us for prices.

BARLEY (Beardless). This is also a spring variety which makes excellent feed. Has not been grown much as yet in Texas. We think it is worth trying. Write for prices.

BARLEY, Winter. In procuring barley for fall planting, we have to be very particular, as the scope of the country in which barley is grown in the winter is very limited. Grain dealers will offer to ship us winter barley from districts where none is raised. For these reasons, when we cannot get barley in Texas that we know has been grown in the winter, we have to go to some reliable seed dealer in Tennessee to get the true Winter Barley, often having to pay 20c to 25c per bushel more for it than the St. Louis market price. The past three years' experience, however, have proved we acted wisely, and to our customers' interest. Write for prices.

OATS. Texas Red Rust Proof is the finest oat sown. We have some extra fine stock on hand this season, worth at present 85 cents per bushel, but as price fluctuates, write for prices if wanted in quantity.

OATS, Tennessee Winter Turf. This is the most valuable spring-grazing oat we know of. It stools out so that $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels are sufficient to plant an acre. We believe they will stand as hard a freeze as wheat. We get our supply of these oats direct from Tennessee. They are of a grayish color. We would warn planters not to accept any substitute (such as the Virginia White and other white oats), as we know, should they do so, they will be disappointed if we have any bad freezing weather. Write for prices.

RYE. Planted for fall and winter pasture. Will stand more freezing than any other grain, as it lies close to the ground in cold weather; but is not so good for early pasture as barley, Winter Turf oats, or wheat. Write for prices.

GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS

Prices of Grass and Clover Seeds given below are subject to fluctuation of the market, but the purchaser may depend on having them at the price ruling from store the date of shipment, and of the best quality, and that we will always send as much seed as the money received will pay for. Price on one pound is quoted postpaid; larger quantities by freight or express at buyer's expense. Will be glad to quote prices on large quantities by letter.

ALFALFA CLOVER—The demand for this valuable forage plant is steadily increasing. It is becoming quite a staple in the Southern States, both for hay and winter grazing. It is particularly well adapted to the soil and climates of Texas, and although a great yielder it does not impoverish the soil, but rather improves it. The past dry years have proved that where Alfalfa is well established it can withstand the worst possible drouths. We have seen patches of Alfalfa perfectly green when everything round about was dried up. Take care of it the first summer and after that with moderately fair treatment it can take care of itself. We have many customers who increase their acreage every year and believe that most farmers who find their land suitable for it will do the same. It succeeds best on deep loamy soil also does well on black rolling prairies; does not do well on stiff, low, wet clay soil. Is almost perpetual. We know of patches that are as good now as at any time. The roots penetrate the soil 12 to 15 feet, getting moisture and plant food that cannot be reached by any other plant. Land ought to be in a first-class state of cultivation before sowing, thoroughly plowed and harrowed; put 20 to 25 pounds of the best seed on an acre. If seasonable, plant in September and October, and in spring, February and March. We do not recommend planting along with grain crops, as the grain is cut at the very hottest time of the year, exposing the tender plant to the strong sun. What



ALFALFA

is wanted is a good even stand at the start. It does not pay to have to patch it up. A broadcast seeder is good for sowing Alfalfa. We do not recommend cutting more than once the first year; after that two to four crops can be cut, besides getting good winter grazing. Be careful not to over-pasture. We have known people to turn twenty head of stock on a five-acre Alfalfa patch, which is sure to ruin it. One head to the acre is enough, and then watch not to have it eaten too closely. An Alfalfa patch is too valuable to be abused. There is no crop grown in the South that will give as good a return. We buy Alfalfa seed by the carload, handling mostly the fancy grade. Taking quality into consideration, we can successfully compete with any house in the business. Will gladly mail samples to intending purchasers. We have at present a good stock of high-grade seed, and are prepared to fill all orders promptly. Price, fancy

American-grown seed, 35c per lb., postpaid; not prepaid, 10 lbs., \$1.85; 100 lbs., \$18.00. Write for prices on large lots.

TURKESTAN ALFALFA was first introduced in this country through the Agricultural Department, Washington, D. C., and has proved a great success wherever it has been tried. It is superior to the ordinary variety in its greater ability to resist drouth and stand higher temperature. Parallel experiments show it to be superior to our Alfalfa in yield where only a minimum supply of water can be depended upon; its very large root system and general construction of the plant, enabling it to do so. It has been tried in Texas, at the instance of the Government by our "Alfalfa King," Mr. R. E. Smith, of Sherman, who informs us that its growth is very vigorous, and in a letter to us, he writes, "I have been experimenting in Turkestan Alfalfa considerably, and am glad to hear you have a consignment of seed. I think it decidedly preferable to the common." Customers who have tried it on the Plains and in the Panhandle, as well as in Oklahoma, report good results from it.

The Turkestan Alfalfa is imported by us direct from most reliable growers in Turkestan, Asia. The shippers write us: "It commands a preference on account of its being more hardy than the other varieties. It stands a temperature of forty degrees below zero even when the ground is bare. It also stands extreme drouth, as it comes from a locality where the summers are very dry and hot, and the winters extremely cold."

From our own observation we notice that while the Turkestan Alfalfa has a greater abundance of leaves; it also has a much finer stalk than the common, making it easier to cure, which is a very important feature in the saving of hay. Our seed is the highest grade obtainable. Price, per lb., postpaid, 35c; by freight or express, not prepaid, 20 lbs., \$3.70; 50 to 100 lbs., 18 cents per lb.; larger quantities, \$17.50 per 100 lbs.

CALIFORNIA BURR CLOVER. A winter growing variety furnishing pasturage from January to March. Is an annual, but reseeds itself upon the land. Sow on the surface of the ground in August or September about 25 pounds of Burrs to the acre. Stop pasturing about April 1st, so that the seed may mature. The land may be planted in corn or cotton, by leaving one foot unbroken between the rows, on which seed enough will mature; middles can be broken out after clover dies. The seed we offer has a little barley mixed through it. We never seem to be able to get it without. 25c per lb.; 10 lbs., \$1.20; \$10.00 per 100 lbs.

CRIMSON CLOVER, an annual variety, grows about two feet high; is an immense yielder and after cutting immediately commences to grow again; sow 15 lbs. to acre. 25c per lb.; 10 lbs., \$1.20; 100 lbs., \$10.00.

ALSIKE OR SWEDISH CLOVER, hardy and stands dry weather; sow 8 to 10 lbs. per acre. 35c per lb.; \$2.00 per 10 lbs.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER, an excellent clover for pasturage, also good for lawns; flowers very sweet. 40c per lb.; \$2.50 per 10 lbs.

RED CLOVER: sow in winter in the South, 8 to 10 lbs. to acre. 35c per lb.; \$2.00 per 10 lbs.

JAPAN CLOVER. This is essentially a Southern clover, and should not be planted much north of the 36th latitude. It is a native of China, from whence it got to Japan, where it flourished and spread over the entire country, improving the soil to a remarkable extent and filling up the waste places with luxuriant forage. Since its introduction on the Atlantic seaboard it has been gradually forging west. Already a good many people in Texas have tried it and find it a valuable stock feed. On sand, gravel or bare clay hill tops, no other plant known is so valuable for grazing. It does equally well on rich soil. Few forage plants will yield so much or so valuable hay. The roots penetrate deep down in the subsoil, making it a great drouth resister. Sow in spring 15 to 20 lbs. per acre. 40c per lb.; 10 lbs., \$2.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00.



Kentucky Blue



Orchard



Red Top



Timothy

BERMUDA GRASS, the most suitable grass for the South, is very valuable for its drouth resisting properties, and for a summer pasture it should be planted everywhere; it also makes a beautiful lawn, and is good to sow on embankments, as it binds the soil together with its shoots and roots. Sow when the ground gets warm, March to May, or in early fall; 4 to 5 lbs. per acre. Price, prepaid, 75c per lb.; not prepaid, \$6.00 for 10 lbs. Write for price on large quantities.

MESQUITE OR VELVET GRASS. A fine grass for Texas; makes a splendid pasture, having good fattening qualities; also makes a good lawn grass, as it grows close and does not run like Bermuda. Sow 25 pounds to acre. 25c per lb.; 10 lbs., \$1.40.

MEADOW FESCUE, TRUE ENGLISH BLUE GRASS, is a fine pasture grass; will grow in the shade under trees; it succeeds best on moist soil; sow in spring or fall, 30 lbs. to the acre. 30c per lb.; \$1.50 per 10 lbs.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS, well known pasture grass, and combined with white clover makes a good close lawn grass, for which purpose sow 50 pounds to the acre; for pasture, 25 lbs. is sufficient. Fancy re-cleaned seed, the best to be had, 35c per lb.; \$2.00 per 10 lbs.

ORCHARD GRASS. This is one of the best grasses for pasturing. It is very early and the last to yield to frost. Succeeds well on all lands (not wet) good to plant in orchards and woodland pastures. Can be sown both in fall and spring. Sow 25 lbs. to acre. 30c lb.; \$1.75 per 10 lbs.

RED TOP, a good grass for moist soils. Fancy seed, 30c per lb.; \$1.50 per 10 lbs.

TIMOTHY, the finest grass for hay; sow 12 lbs. to acre. 25c per lb. \$1.00 per 10 lbs.

HUNGARIAN AWNLESS BROME GRASS. This closely resembles Rescue grass, but is much more leafy, finer stalked and more erect. It grows quick and strong, providing splendid pasture or hay. It grows again quickly after being mown. We consider it the ideal grass for hot, dry regions and thin soils. It takes 35 lbs. to the acre. 30c per lb.; 10 lbs. \$1.50.

COLORADO GRASS, a Western Texas grass of great value, both for fall grazing and hay. It will come up in corn fields after they are laid by, making an abundant growth of forage. The growth is much heavier than crab grass and is better suited for making hay. Like crab grass it re-seeds itself and will come up year after year. Sow 25 lbs. per acre. 25c per lb.; \$1.25 per 10 lbs.

RESCUE GRASS. This is the best winter grass we have in the South and deserves the attention of every one who has stock to graze in the winter. It grows best on rich, loamy soil; a little shade will not harm it. We would not advise sowing this grass on poor land with the expectation of getting a remunerative return. The land ought to be well plowed and harrowed before sowing. Sow 30 to 35 lbs. to acre in August or September, so that the first fall rains may start it to grow. With early rains it will make good grazing by December and last till April. After that it will still mature seeds. It is an annual, but seeds itself. After the grass dies down in summer a crop of cow peas or Japan clover can be planted, but should be harvested in time to allow the Rescue Grass to start again in fall. 30c per lb.; \$1.60 per 10 lbs.

TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS. In discussing grasses lately with Mr. R. L. Bennett of the Texas Agricultural Experiment Stations (whom we found very well posted) and the difficulties we experienced in finding grasses to make permanent pastures in Texas where the native grasses had been plowed up, he told us in all his experiments he had found none that did better than the Tall Meadow Oat Grass. For that reason we add it to our stock of grasses. On further investigation we find it is considered valuable grass for permanent pasture on account of its early and luxuriant growth, and is especially adapted for rather dry light soil. We wish any of our friends who try this grass would kindly report results, giving kind of soil sown in. Sow 30 lbs. to the acre. Price per lb., 35c, mail paid; by express or freight, not prepaid, 10 lbs., \$2.20.

PERMANENT PASTURE. This is a mixture of Grass and Clover seeds, suitable for the South. It is composed of both winter and summer grasses, and we believe will fill a long felt want in Texas. Sow 25 to 30 lbs to the acre in early spring or fall. Price, 30c per lb., mail paid; not prepaid, 10 lbs., \$1.75; 100 lbs., \$15.00.

MIXED LAWN GRASS, a very fine mixture of grasses and white clover; does not run like Bermuda grass; sow 30 lbs. per acre. 30c per lb.; \$2.00 per 10 lbs.

FOR OTHER VARIETIES, write us for prices, etc.

COTTON SEED

COTTON SEED. The Cotton Seeds we offer have been selected with great care; the past season (as most planters are aware) was very unpropitious for the proper development of the seed and this caused us to be extra cautious to select only seed with good germination, and while no seed looks as well this season as last, being smaller on the average, what we have secured and are offering is first-class seed for the season. There is going to be a scarcity of good sound cotton seed this season so we would recommend our customers to secure their supply early.

Rowden—This cotton is of Texas origin, being first raised in Van Zandt County and is undoubtedly one of the champions of the big balled cottons.

In North Texas it has gained for itself such a high reputation that it is unnecessary to sing its praises, as most farmers and planters bank on it. For the benefit of those who have not yet planted any of it, we can say, it is an early, large boll variety, and as handsome a five-lock cotton as we have ever seen. It does not blow out easily, in that respect it is fully equal to storm-proof; at the same time it is the easiest cotton to pick in existence. Pickers are willing to take a less price to gather it than other cottons. It was on Rowden cotton that the big picking records were made in 1904. The growing scarcity of labor in Texas at picking time, makes it important to have a large balled cotton that is easily picked. The yield is most satisfactory, running much above the average. It over thirds itself at the gin, and the staple is fine, being both long and strong, commanding a premium on the market over the shorter staple cottons. We believe for the boll-weevil districts this is the best cotton that can be planted, for the reason that it puts on as much fruit that will be impervious to the weevil, as soon as the very earliest small boll varieties, only it being a larger boll it takes some days longer to mature, but the yield will be twice as much from the same number of bolls. It is the blooms and young squares, the weevils get their work in on. In this contention we are corroborated by Mr. R. L. Bennett, the cotton specialist who, in a treatise on cotton, mentions "The College Entomological Department by actual count of bolls on over 1000 stalks of three big boll cottons and small boll King cotton, growing side by side, found a few more weevil

injured bolls on the small boll cotton. Another immense advantage this cotton has over most other varieties, is, it is less liable to damage by the boll-worm, which in North Texas is a greater plague than the weevil. The burr is much tougher than that of the small boll varieties, and boll worms cannot pierce them. We have known of cases where the small balled, thin burred cottons like King's, were badly damaged by worms when Rowden was hardly touched.

The Rowden Seed we offer has been secured from the same source we have had such good seed from the past four seasons. Price, per bushel, \$1.10; five bushels, \$5.25; ten bushels, \$10.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.

GIBSON. We made no mistake when we recommended this cotton so highly last season; it certainly withstood the trying cold, damp season better than any other variety. A great deal of this seed was used for replanting, owing to the first plantings having been drowned out, and many customers informed us it made the best cotton they had. It originated in the same district of Van Zandt County as Rowden, by one B. F. Gibson, who some years ago while picking, found an extra fine stalk of five-lock cotton, which appeared more advanced than the rest of the crop. He saved the seed from this stalk and planted them the next year, and found the cotton to be of the same fine quality, big bolls and a perfect storm-proof cotton. He continued planting, keeping the seed pure, until he put it on the market with the result that many planters in the neighborhood of where it originated say it is the best cotton they ever planted. It stands the cold snaps better than most cottons and has proved to be very early, having taken the "First Bale" premiums several times at Wills Point. It grows off well in spring and puts on fruit rapidly, branches well, limbs out from the ground and is short jointed, and has extra large bolls; and, while it will hardly fall out at all, it is easy to pick. The stem to the boll is very long, two inches or more, which allows the weight of the boll to turn it down, and opening in that position, the cotton sticks together and winds seem to have no effect on it. The seeds are medium sized, smaller than Rowden, and the staple is of fine quality and long. It gins out about 38 per cent on an average. Every planter we have seen who has tried this cotton is very enthusiastic about it, and we feel sure it will prove a winner on account of it being big balled, thoroughly storm-proof and very early. We have secured a nice lot of seed of Gibson, and will sell it while it lasts, at per bushel, \$1.10; five bushels, \$5.25; ten bushels, \$10.00. Write for prices on big lots.

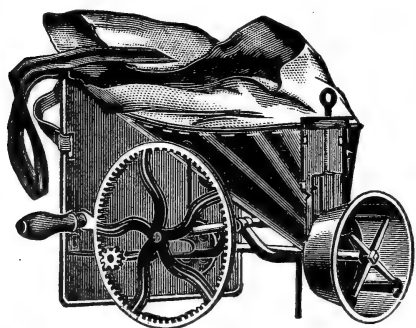
MEBANE'S TRIUMPH. We listed this variety last year, but waited until it was tested another year, outside of Trial Grounds and Government Experiment Stations, before passing our opinion on it. The many very favorable reports we have received from planters and farmers the past season leave no doubt in our minds as to its being another Early Large Boll variety that can honestly take its place in line with both Rowden and Gibson, and we believe is a little earlier than either. It is a cross between a long lint cotton and Texas Storm-proof, has a large boll, five locks, short jointed, very prolific, and is especially adapted to black waxy and prairie lands of any character. The turn out at the gin is the highest of any cotton averaging 38 per cent and sometimes going as high as 42 per cent. The grower from whom we secured our "Triumph" seed says he has grown nearly all improved varieties of big balled cottons, but up to now the Triumph is the best, the seed of it we are offering is exceptionally good and sound for this year. Price per bu., \$1.25; 5 bushels, \$5.75; 10 bushels, \$11.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.

BROADCAST SEED SOWERS

THOMPSON'S WHEELBARROW SEEDERS are highly recommended for sowing Alfalfa seed, as well as all small smooth seeds. Their great advantage lies in being able to sow, when your land is in condition, no matter how high the wind is. We carry in stock the No. 6, with 16-foot hopper, good for sowing alfalfa, millet, etc. Price, \$11.00, complete, f. o. b., Dallas.

CAHOON—Sows wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, rice, hemp and other grains and grass seeds, five times faster than by hand; does its work perfectly, with one-third less seed than any other method. Four to eight acres can be easily

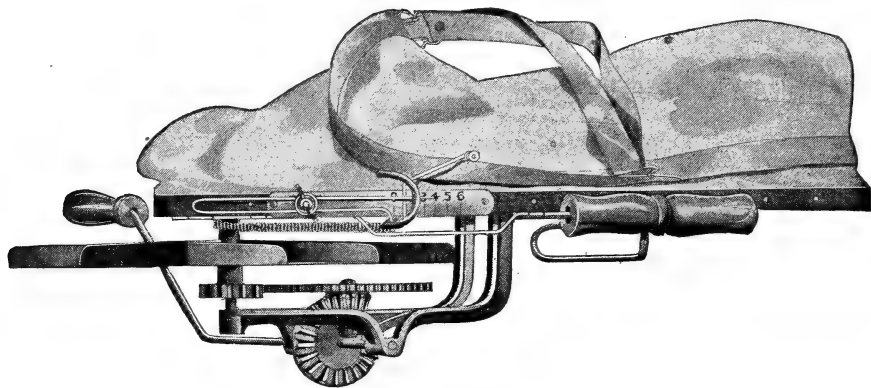
covered per hour. Sows wheat over a tract forty feet wide other seeds in proportion to weight.



Machine is simple, strong, durable, efficient and when used according to directions and with proper care, is guaranteed to perform its work with perfect satisfaction.

Take no substitute. Insist on having the genuine CAHOON. At every Mechanic's and County Fair where exhibited the CAHOON has always taken highest honors, and in two years took first premiums at twenty-one State Fairs. This machine has just been awarded SILVER MEDAL AND DIPLOMA at the National Export Exposition—the highest prize awarded any exhibit. Price, \$3.50; weight, 5½ pounds.

THE COLUMBIA—A practical machine for sowing correctly all varieties of farm seeds. Perfect in distribution, mechanically constructed, neatest and most simple, has automatic cut off and regulator. The lightest running of all seed sowers. Strongest in construction. The lowest priced standard machine manufactured. The best on the market for the money. Price, \$1.25 f. o. b., Dallas.

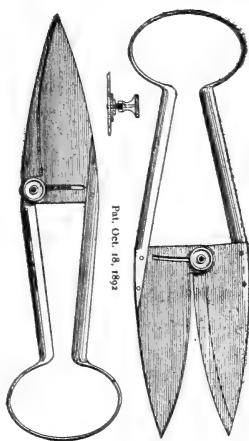


TROWELS AND DIBBLES

We carry a full line of these very useful tools and would advise customers order them when they are getting other seeds by express or freight, as they are rather awkward to send through the mail.

	Price f. o. b. Dallas	Price by mail paid.
Ladies' Garden Trowel.....	10 cts	15 cts
Steel Garden Trowel, 8-inch.....	15 cts	20 cts
Transplanting Trowel, 6-inch	15 cts	20 cts
Transplanting Trowel, 8-inch	20 cts	30 cts
English pattern extra heavy Garden Trowel, 6-inch.....	20 cts	30 cts
Solid Steel Garden Trowel, 6-inch.....	30 cts	40 cts
Forged Steel Garden Trowel, 6-inch.....	50 cts	60 cts
Forged Steel Garden Trowel, 8-inch.....	50 cts	65 cts
Wood Handle Iron Dibble.....	35 cts	50 cts
D-Handle all Iron Dibble.....	50 cts	75 cts
Hazeltine Hand Weeder, handy and durable.....	25 cts	35 cts

Nox-Em-All Shears



NOX-EM-ALL SHEARS, are perfection. They fill the long needed want for shears that will not cut over or spread apart. They are manufactured from the famous La Belle steel which is the best spring steel made for the purpose. You will notice the spring and washer under thumb screw. The tension can be regulated as the user sees fit. When not in use, the tension turned down holds the shear together, thereby retaining the tension of the spring. Full polished 7-inch blades, price 60c each, mail paid 75c.

Red Cross Barrel Spray Pump

With Patent Agitator.

Positively the strongest, most powerful double-acting spray pump made. Will throw a solid stream from 50 to 60 feet from nozzle. The cast jug, bearer top and base, are in one solid, substantial piece. Both cylinders are of seamless brass tubing. The agitator pipe, cylinder cap, valve weight, bottom cap and strainer are all brass. The suction pipe is galvanized steel. It is shipped fitted with 5 feet extra heavy rubber hose, complete with straight stream, sprinkle and spraying nozzles. An important improvement is that it can be used on either the side or end of a standard barrel. If for use on the side of a barrel, uncouple the agitator and suction pipes at couplings near bottom, and set strain and tip up on remaining pipes. This pump has no weak parts to give way, it is made for hard work and will stand it. Weight, 26 lbs. Price, with one lead hose, \$8.50 f. o. b. Dallas.



Red Cross Bucket Spray Pump

With Patent Agitator.



All work on this pump is done on the down stroke. Both barrels are of seamless drawn brass tubing. The discharge pipe inside the air barrel is brass. The valves are solid vulcanized hard rubber balls. All parts coming in contact with the acid are non-corrosive and always in working order. Each pump is fitted with 3 feet of quarter-inch extra heavy hose, a straight stream nozzle, a sprinkling and spraying nozzle. An opening in the brass base emits a small stream very forcibly when the pressure is on that keeps the mixture in thorough agitation. This is very important and insures good results. For washing buggies, windows, etc., this pump is very useful. Weight not boxed 5lbs. Price, \$4.50 f. o. b. Dallas. **EXTENSION PIPES**, 8 feet long, 50c each.

THE FAULTLESS SPRAYER. For spraying Paris Green and other insecticides, on vegetables, also good for spraying poultry houses and other outhouses, horses, cattle and other live stock, makes a very fine, misty spray. They are light, strong and well made. Price, 75 cents each, f. o. b., Dallas.

FLOWER POTS

Shipped at buyers' risk and expense. Four-inch, per dozen, 35c; five-inch, per dozen, 50c; six-inch, per dozen, 75c; eight-inch, per dozen, \$1.50; ten-inch, 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen; twelve-inch, 50c each.

MISCELLANEOUS

Not prepaid.

CHOICE MIXED CANARY BIRD SEED (without millet).....per lb. 10c
 SUNFLOWER SEED for parrots.....per lb., 10c
 McALLISTER'S MOCKING BIRD FOOD.....per bottle, 25c
 McALLISTER'S BIRD GRAVELper packet, 15c
 GROUND OYSTER SHELL.....per lb., 5c; per 8 lbs., 25c; per 100 lbs., \$2.00
 GROUND BONE.....per lb., 10c; per 6 lbs., 25c; per 100 lbs., \$3.50

FRUIT BASKETS AND BOX MATERIAL

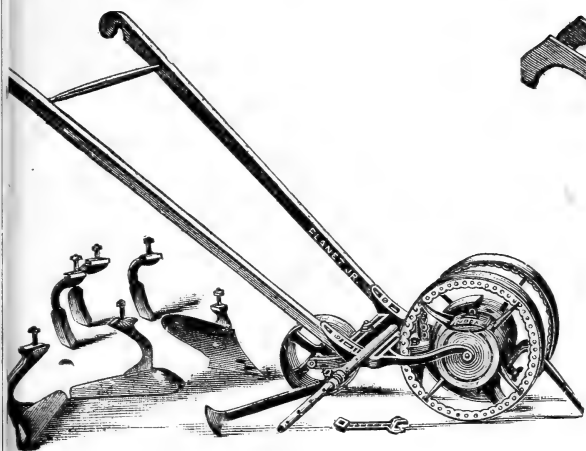
We carry a large stock. Our material is made out of First-Class Poplar Lumber. We execute orders with the greatest dispatch, knowing how important it often is to truckers to receive their box material promptly. The prices quoted are as cheap as we can reasonably handle box material; but if wanted in very large quantities, write us for prices.

Leslie Quart Berry Boxes, per 1000, \$3.25	4 lb. Climax Grape Baskets, pr 100. \$3.25
24 Quart Crates, per 100..... 8.25	½ bu. Diamond Split Baskets, pr dz. .45
1-3 Bushel Boxes, per 100..... 3.75	1-3 bu. Diamond Split Baskets, pr dz. .45
¼ Bushel Boxes, per 100..... 3.25	¼ bu. Diamond Split Baskets, pr dz. .45
4 Basket Crates, complete, pr 100. 9.00	Tacks for Berry Boxes, per lb..... .40
8 lb. Climax Grape Baskets, pr 100. 3.50	Twine, Jute for bunching vegetables, per lb. .... .20

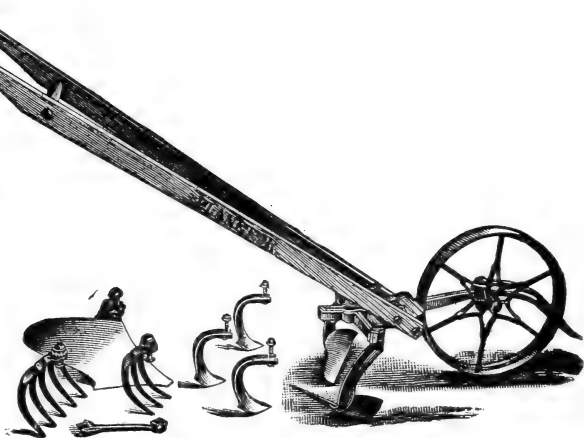
PRICE LIST OF PLANET Jr. TOOLS.

We can supply any of the tools on subjoined list from stock here. Should there be any other tool wanted made by the Planet Jr. people, not listed here, we can have it shipped direct from the factory, making a deduction to help pay the freight. We can not too highly recommend these tools to truckers and any one who has a garden. They save their cost in a month. We have handled other makes, but none give the satisfaction the Planet Jr. do. They are cheap tools at the prices charged. We will gladly mail a Planet Jr. Catalogue to whoever applies for one.

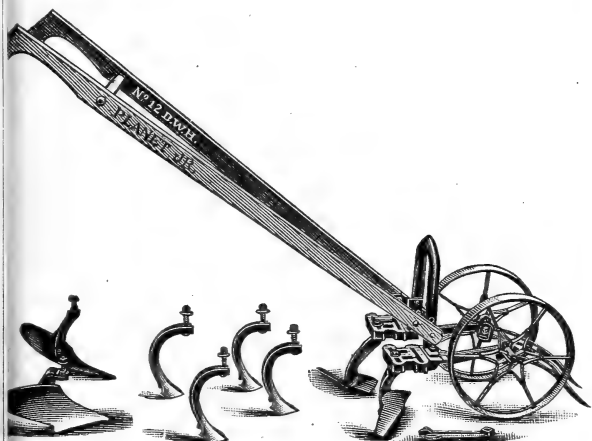
	Weight packed	Price
No. 1. Combined Drill Seeder, Wheel Hoe and Cultivator.....	44	\$10.00
No. 2. Drill Seeder	38	7.75
No. 4. Hill and Drill Seeder and Single Wheel Hoe and Cultivator	47	11.50
No. 25. Hill and Drill Seeder and Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow	59	14.00
No. 6. Hill and Drill Seeder and Single Wheel Hoe.....	58	14.00
No. 11. Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow.....	37	9.50
No. 12. Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.....	32	7.35
No. 13. Double Wheel Hoe	25	5.00
No. 16. Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow.....	26	6.00
No. 19. Farmers' Single (high) Wheel Hoe, Plow and Cultivator..	22	4.00



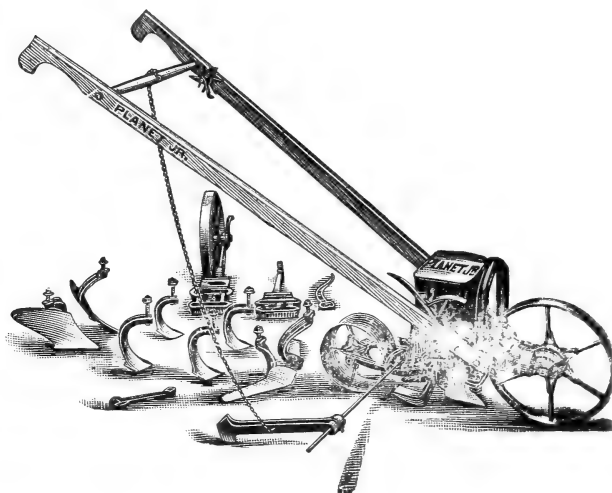
No. 3. Combined Drill Seeder and Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow



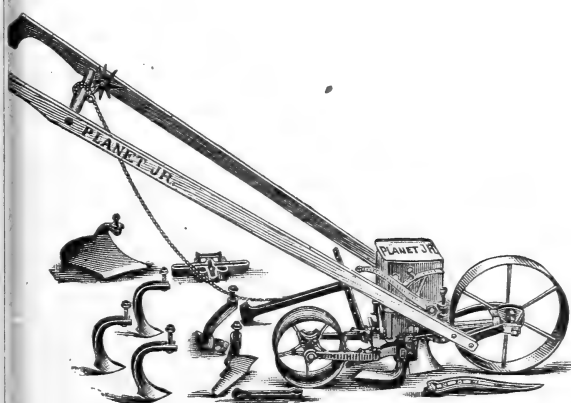
No. 16. Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Hoe.



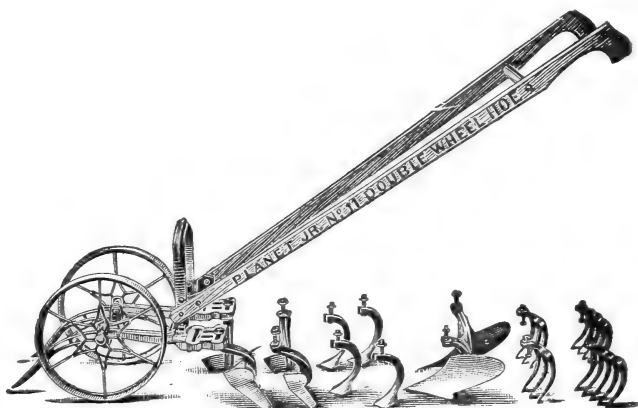
No. 12. Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.



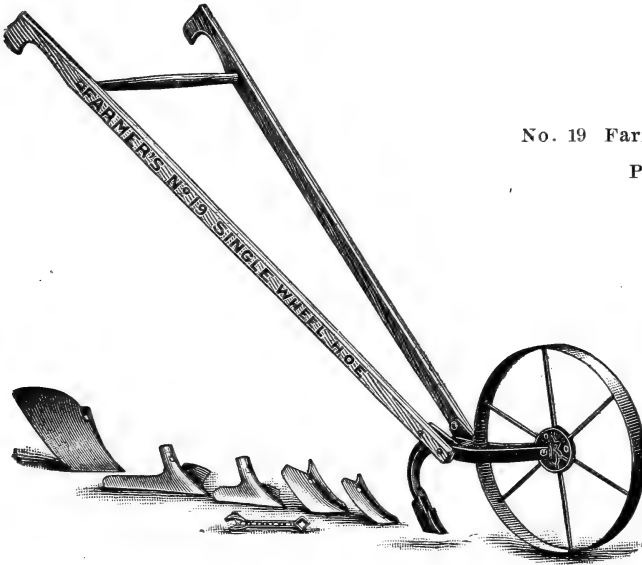
No. 25. Hill and Drill Seeder and Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow



No. 4. Hill and Drill Seeder and Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.



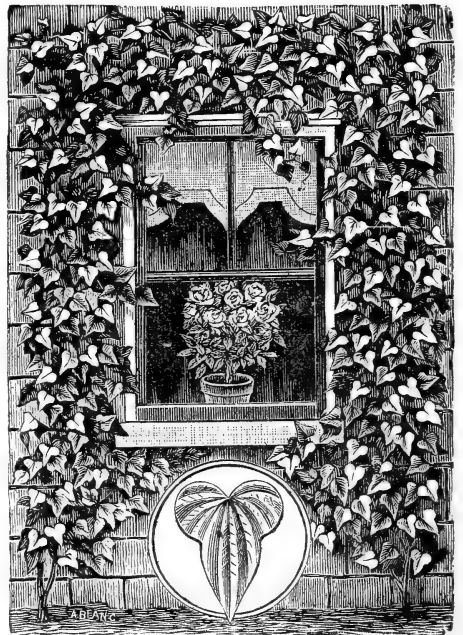
No. 11. Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow



No. 19 Farmers' Single High Wheel Hoe,
Plow and Cultivator.

Chinese Cinnamon Vine

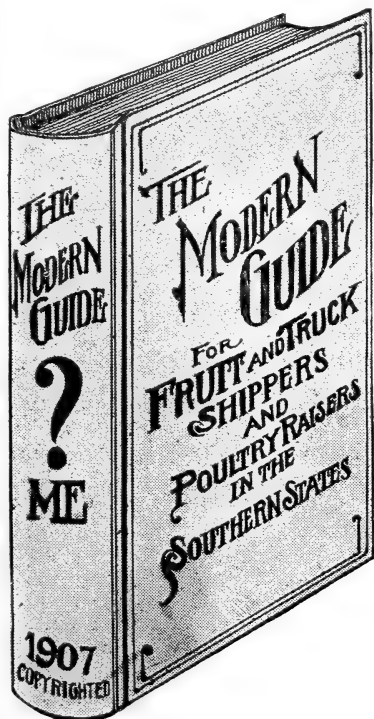
This beautiful Gem of the Orient is one of the most charming climbers yet introduced. Its rapid growth, abundant foliage and modest, sweet-scented flowers commend it to all who want a climber. The handsome, glossy, heart-shaped leaves and clusters of fragrant white flowers make a window, arbor or verandah a perfect bower of beauty. Once planted, will grow a life-time. They stand the severest winter, and burst forth in all their beauty very early in the spring. Price, postpaid, 1 strong tuber, 10c; 4 strong tubers, 25c; 10 strong tubers, 50c.



PLANTS

We confine ourselves strictly to the seed business, believing it is best to do well the business we are posted in. Any of our customers who want plants we can confidently recommend them to try the HASKELL AVENUE FLORAL CO. of this city, who have the largest and most complete range of Greenhouses in the South. They issue a catalogue, and will gladly mail it to you on application. Any one wishing a few plants along with a seed order, we will be pleased to get them and include in our shipment.

THE MODERN GUIDE FOR FRUIT AND TRUCK SHIPPERS AND POULTRY RAISERS IN SOUTHERN STATES



A complete treatise on modern up-to-date fruit and truck growing and poultry raising in the South. All of the information in this book is especially adapted to the Southern climate and soils, written from actual experience in the Southern orchard and garden by Mr. Theodore G. Thomas, editor and publisher of "The Southern Shippers Guide," "Southern Shippers' Directory," "Hints by the Editor," and "Modern Guide" as a grower and shipper of fruits and vegetables to the Northern markets in carlots and express shipments.

The contents of the book cover every detail, and provide for every contingency that may arise, embracing all knowledge of suitable soils, fertilizers, insecticides, cultivation, selection of seeds, harvesting, packing the best and latest desirable varieties of fruits and vegetables for profit, from the seed to market, from the tree to market, from the poultryyard to market. The book is useful to the professional grower, and indispensable to the beginner. Handsomely and substantially bound in cloth, containing over 400 pages.

This book should be in the hands of every Southern Planter, Farmer, and Gardener; it is the best thing of its kind ever published in the South. Price, \$2.00, mail paid, or with "Shippers' Guide" (Truck Growers' paper) for one year, \$2.50. Order from us soon as possible.



1908

We can with much confidence recommend **Our Flower Seeds**; they are the choicest and best selected ever offered in the South; they are all imported by us direct from the most careful European Flower Seed growers. You can therefore rely on them making you a nice flower garden. We have, as you will see, a large assortment, and all are fresh stock.

Liberal Discount on Flower Seeds in Packets.

Purchasers remitting \$1.00 may select Flower Seeds in packets amounting to \$1.25; and same proportion on larger amounts. All Flower Seeds sent by mail paid.

CULTURE.—A common error in planting flower seeds is covering them too deep, they should not be covered more than twice the thickness of the seed; small seeds, such as *Portulaca*, need only be pressed down with a board or the hand; always press the soil down firmly after sowing, else there is danger of the young plants drying up before their roots can get hold of the soil. Flower seeds generally succeed best in rich, loamy soil; some leaf mold out of the woods is good to put on the beds.

	Height		Price	
	Inch.	Pkt.	Oz.	
<i>Adonis Aestivalis</i> , early blooming, crimson.....	12	.05	.25	
<i>Ageratum Mexicanum</i> , for bedding and edging, blue.....	15	.05	.40	
<i>Ageratum Mexicanum Imperial Dwarf</i>	6	.05		
<i>Agrostemma Coeli Rosa</i> ("Rose of Heaven") rose color.....	12	.05		
<i>Althea Rosea</i> , see Hollyhock.				
<i>Alyssum Benthami</i> (Sweet Alyssum), Trails, white and fragrant... 6		.05	.40	
<i>Alyssum Benthami</i> , compactum (little gem), good for florists..... 4		.05		
<i>Amaranthus Caudatus</i> (love lies bleeding), graceful, showy flowers 30		.05	.20	
<i>Amaranthus tri-color</i> , (Joseph's Coat), valuable for bedding, fine foliage	diff	.05	.30	
<i>Amaranthus cruentus</i> (Prince's Feather), red foliage.....	30	.05	.20	
<i>Antirrhinum</i> , see Snap Dragon.				



Adonis vernalis



Ageratum Mexicanum



Agrostemma



Aquilegia vulgaris



Bachelor's Button



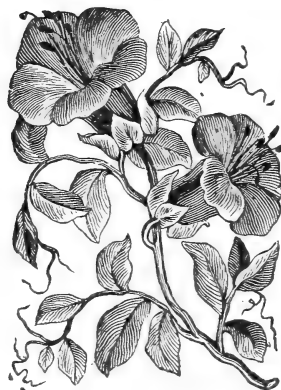
Balsam



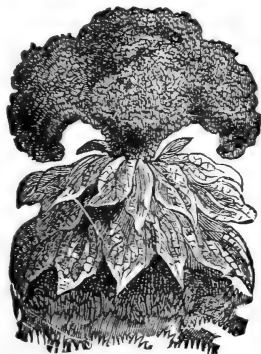
Calliopsis



Clarkia



Cobaea scandens



Cockscomb



Cypress Vine



Daisy, Double

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued

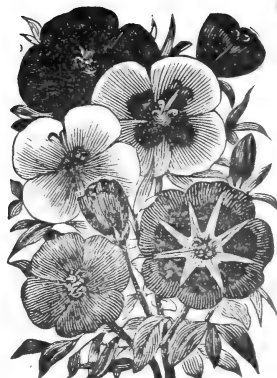
	Height Inch.	Price Pkt. Oz.
<i>Aquilegia vulgaris</i> fl. pleno (double Columbine) mixed colors.....	24	.05
Aster, Dwarf Chrysanthemum, white, fine for cut flowers.....	12	.10
Aster, Dwarf Chrysanthemum, mixed colors.....	12	.10
Aster, Dwarf Victoria, mixed colors.....	18	.10
Aster, Quilled German, mixed colors.....	18	.05 .50
Aster, Quilled Betteridge's, mixed colors.....	18	.05 .50
Aster, Comet, finest, mixed colors; beautiful curved petals.....	15	.10 2.00
Balsam (Lady Slipper) Double Dwarf, mixed, beautiful free bloom- ers	18	.05 .40
Balsam, Double Spotted, mixed colors, very attractive.....	18	.10 1.00
Balsam, Double Rose Flowered, mixed, flowers large, perfect shape.	18	.10 1.00
Balsam, Double Rose Flowered, white, fine for design work.....	18	.10 1.00
Bachelor's Button, see <i>Centaurea cyanus</i> .		
<i>Bartonia aurea</i> , golden yellow, very fragrant in the evening.....	36	.05 .40
<i>Bellis perennis</i> , see Daisy.		
Blanket Flower, see <i>Gaillardia</i> .		
Blue Bottle, see <i>Centaurea cyanus</i> .		
<i>Calendula Meteor</i> (Pot Marigold), light golden yellow.....	12	.05 .25
<i>Calliopsis bi-color</i> , very showy annuals.....	12	.05 .30
<i>Calliopsis Drummondii</i> , yellow with brown center.....	12	.05 .30
<i>Calliopsis</i> , mixed colors	12	.05 .30
Candytuft, Dwarf White, showy annuals for beds, useful for cutting	6	.05 .25
Candytuft, Dark Crimson, showy annuals for beds, useful for cutting.	12	.05 .25
Candytuft, White Rocket, showy annuals for beds, useful for cuttings.	12	.05 .20
Candytuft Dwarf Hybrids, mixed, useful for cutting.....	9	.05 .20
California Poppy, see <i>Eschscholtzia</i> .		
<i>Canna</i> (Indian Shot), mixed.....	48	.05 .25
<i>Canna</i> (Indian Shot), dark foliaged varieties.....	48	.05 .40
<i>Canna</i> , Madame Crozy, vermillion.....	36	.10
<i>Canna</i> , Alphonse Bouvier, bright crimson.....	36	.10
<i>Canna</i> , President Carnot, deep red.....	36	.10
<i>Canna</i> , Queen Charlotte, crimson with gold border.....	36	.10
<i>Canna</i> , Crozy mixed.....	36	.10
Carnation and Picotees, double, mixed, very fine.....	24	.15
Carnation Early Flowered Vienna, mixed.....	12	.10
Carnation, Margaret, finest mixed, especially adapted for outdoor culture, blooms in four months from sowing.....	12	.15 2.00
Carnation, Margaret, White	12	.15 2.00
Castor Oil Bean, see <i>Ricinus</i> .		
<i>Celosia</i> , see Cockscomb.		
<i>Centaurea Candidissima</i> (Dusty Miller), white annuals for borders.	12	.10 .80
<i>Centaurea Cyanus</i> (Bachelor's Button, Blue Bottle or Corn Flowers).	18	.05 .30
<i>Centaurea Moschata</i> (Sweet Sultan), mixed.....	18	.05 .50
Chrysanthemum annual sorts, mixed.....	18	.05 .40
<i>Chrysanthemum carinatum atrococcineum</i> (The Sultan).....	18	.05 .40
<i>Chrysanthemum carinatum burridgeanum</i> , white and red.....	12	.05 .40
<i>Chrysanthemum coronarium album plenum</i> , double white.....	18	.05 .40
<i>Chrysanthemum inodorum plenissimum</i> , fragrant double white..	12	.10



Forget-Me-Not



Gilia Tricolor



Godetia



Golden Feather



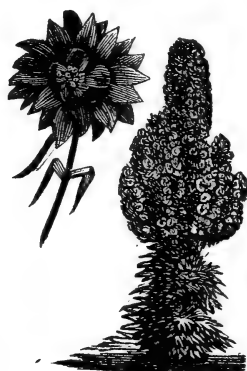
Heliotrope



Jacobaea



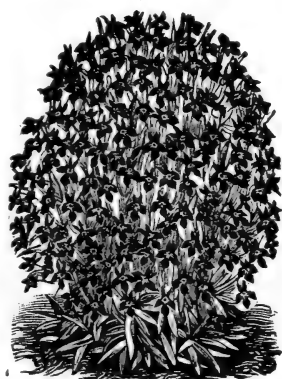
Lantana



Larkspur



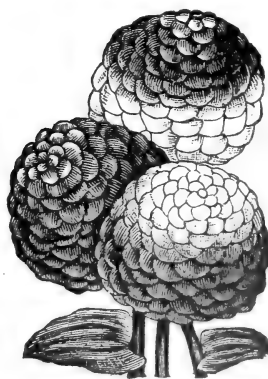
Love Lies Bleeding



Lobelia



Lupinus



Marigold

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued

	Height Inch.	Price Pkt.	Oz.
<i>Chrysanthemum frutescens</i> (Paris Daisy), white, yellow center..	12	.10	
<i>Clarkia elegans</i> , single and double, mixed, free flowering.....	18	.05	.30
Cockscomb, dwarf, mixed, very ornamental, crested.....	9	.10	
Cockscomb, Glasgow Prize, crimson.....	12	.10	
<i>Collinsia</i> , mixed, free flowering annuals.....	12	.05	
Columbine, see <i>Aquilegia</i> .			
<i>Convolvulus Minor</i> (Morning Glory) mixed.....	12	.05	.15
<i>Cosmea bipinnati</i> , mixed, very beautiful and much admired.....	36	.05	.50
<i>Cosmea bipinnata mammoth</i> , very large flowers, beautifully lined petals	36	.10	
Dahlia, single varieties, mixed.....	36	.05	.75
Dahlia, double, mixed	36	.10	1.50
Daisy (Bellis), double daisy, white.....	3	.10	
Daisy, double mixed, very popular flower.....	3	.0	
Daisy (Longfellow) red	3	.10	
Delphinium, see Larkspur.			
<i>Dianthus barbatus</i> , see Sweet William.			
<i>Dianthus</i> , various, see pinks.			
<i>Digitalis</i> , <i>gloxinia</i> flora, see Foxglove.			
Dusty Miller, see <i>Centaurea candidissima</i> .			
<i>Eschscholtzia rosea grandiflora</i> , rose cardinal.....	12	.05	.40
<i>Eschscholtzia California</i> , vase shaped flowers.....	12	.05	.40
<i>Eschscholtzia</i> , mixed colors	12	.05	.30
Feverfew (<i>Matricaria</i>), small double flowers, pretty and neat....	18	.05	.30
Forget-Me-Not (<i>Myosotis</i>), beautiful spring bloomer.....	6	.10	.75
Four O'Clock, see Marvel of Peru.			
Foxglove (<i>Digitalis</i>), showy, fine for backgrounds.....	36	.05	.30
<i>Gaillardia grandiflora</i> (Blanket Flower), free bloomers, fine for bouquets	24	.05	.50
<i>Gaillardia lorenziana</i> , free bloomers, fine for bouquets.....	24	.05	.30
<i>Geranium</i> (<i>Pelargonium</i>), mixed.....	18	.10	
Gilliflower, see Ten Weeks' Stock.			
Godetia, Duchess of Albany, white, very showy.....	18	.05	
Godetia, Lady Albemarle, crimson, very showy.....	18	.05	
Godetia, Lady Satin Rose, carmine, very showy.....	18	.05	
Godetia, The Bride, white and crimson, very showy.....	18	.05	
Godetia Whitneyi, dark rose, very showy.....	18	.05	
Golden Feather (<i>Pyrethrum</i>) fine for edging.....	6	.05	
Golden Queen, see Mignonette.			
<i>Gypsophila elegans</i> , white, fine for bouquets.....	4	.05	.30
Heartease, see Pansies.			
Helianthus, see Sunflower.			
Heliotrope, finest mixed, beautifully scented purple flowers.....	24	.10	
<i>Hibiscus Africanus calisureus</i> , showy annuals, yellow and brown..	24	.05	
Hollyhock, finest double mixed.....	48	.10	
Hollyhock, double white, fine for florists.....	48	.10	
Iberis, see Candytuft.			
Ice Plant (<i>Mesembryanthemum Crystallinum</i>	6	.05	.50



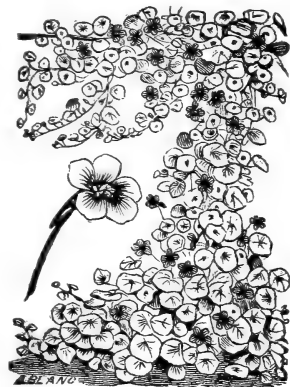
Mignonette



Morning Glory



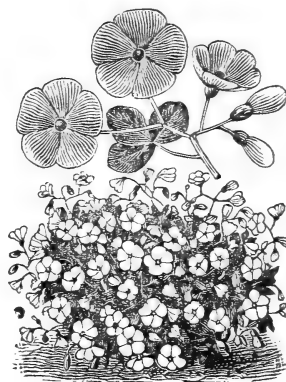
Nasturtium, Dwarf



Tall Nasturtiums



Neomphila



Oxalis



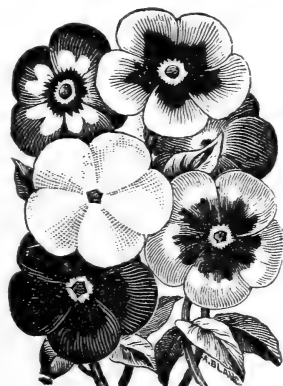
Petunia, Hybrida



Pinks, Chinese



Pansies



Phlox



Poppies



Rhodanthe

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued

	Height Inch.	Price Pkt. Oz.
Joseph's Coat, see <i>Amaranthus</i> .		
<i>Jacobaea senecio elegans</i> , tall double, mixed, free bloomers.....	12	.05
<i>Lantana</i> , fine mixed, free blomer and rapid grower.....	25	.05
<i>Larkspur</i> (<i>Delphinium</i>), dwarf German Rocket , finest mixed.....	24	.05 .30
<i>Larkspur</i> , (<i>Delphinium</i>), tall German Rocket , finest mixed.....	24	.05 .30
<i>Larkspur</i> (<i>Delphinium</i>), Emperor , double, finest mixed, free blooming	24	.05 .30
<i>Larkspur</i> (<i>Delphinium</i>), Stock flowered , branching, finest mixed...	24	.05 .30
<i>Lobelia erinus</i> , blue, trails .....		.05
<i>Lobelia erinus</i> , Crystal Palace , blue.....	6	.10
<i>Love lies bleeding</i> , see <i>Amaranthus caudatus</i> .		
<i>Love Grove</i> , see <i>Nemophila</i> .		
<i>Lupinus</i> , mixed annual sorts, ornamental.....	24	.05 .25
<i>Marigold</i> (<i>Tagetes</i>), African , tall, double mixed, very ornamental..	24	.05 .50
<i>Marigold</i> (<i>Tagetes</i>), French tall, double mixed, very ornamental..	18	.05 .50
<i>Marigold</i> (<i>Tagetes</i>), French dwarf , double, mixed, very ornamental..	18	.05 .50
<i>Marigold</i> (<i>Tagetes</i>), French dwarf , striped, mixed, very ornamental..	18	.05 .50
<i>Marvel of Peru</i> (<i>Mirabilis</i>), mixed, free flowering and sweet scented..	18	.05 .20
<i>Mignonette</i> (<i>Reseda</i>) <i>odorata</i> , large flowering, very sweet.....	12	.05 .15
<i>Mignonette</i> (<i>Reseda</i>) <i>grandiflora machet</i> , highly scented, large flow- ers.....	9	.10 .60
<i>Mignonette</i> (<i>Reseda</i>) <i>grandiflora aurea</i> (Golden Queen) yellow....	12	.05 .30
<i>Marabilis</i> , see <i>Marvey of Peru</i> .		
<i>Morning Glory</i> , dwarf, see <i>Convolvulus Minor</i> .		
<i>Myosotis</i> , see <i>Forget-me-not</i> .		
<i>Nasturtium</i> (<i>Tropaelum</i>), dwarf, mixed (for tall varieties see climbers)	9	.05 .15
<i>Nemophila</i> (<i>Love Grove</i>), mixed, pretty annuals.....	12	.05 .15
<i>Pansy</i> (<i>Viola</i>) <i>tricolor Maxima</i> , very fine, mixed.....	6	.05 1.00
<i>Pansy</i> (<i>Viola</i>) <i>tricolor Maxima</i> , English finest, mixed.....	6	.10 1.50
<i>Pansy</i> (<i>Viola</i>) <i>tricolor Maxima</i> , very large flowering, mixed....	6	.15 2.00
<i>Pansy</i> (<i>Viola</i>) <i>tricolor Mexima</i> , Trimardeau Giant, mixed.....	6	.20 4.00
<i>Pansy</i> (<i>Viola</i>) <i>tricolor Maxima</i> , Cassiers, very large blotched, contains also bugnots and Odier.....	6	.25 8.00
<i>Papaver</i> , see <i>Poppy</i> .		
<i>Paris Daisy</i> , see <i>Chrysanthemum Frutescens</i> .		
<i>Pelargonium</i> , see <i>Geranium</i> .		
<i>Periwinkle</i> , see <i>Vinca</i> .		
<i>Petunia hybrida</i> , mixed.....	15	.05 .50
<i>Petunia hybrida</i> , inimitable striped and blotched.....	9	.10 1.00
<i>Phlox Drummondii</i> , finest mixed.....	12	.05 .50
<i>Phlox Drummondii</i> , <i>grandiflora</i> , large flowered, finest mixed....	12	.10 .75
<i>Phlox Drummondii</i> , <i>grandiflora</i> , white	12	.10
<i>Phlox Drummondii</i> , <i>grandiflora</i> , red	12	.10
<i>Picotees</i> , see <i>Carnation</i> .		
<i>Pink</i> (<i>Dianthus</i>) Chinese , double mixed	12	.05 .40
<i>Pink</i> (<i>Dianthus</i>) Imperial , double mixed	12	.05 .40
<i>Pink</i> (<i>Dianthus</i>) Imperial , double white	12	.05 .50
<i>Pink</i> (<i>Dianthus</i>) Imperialis astrosanguineous fl. , pl., blood red....	12	.05 .50



Salpiglossis



Salvia Coccinea



Schizanthus



Silene Pendula



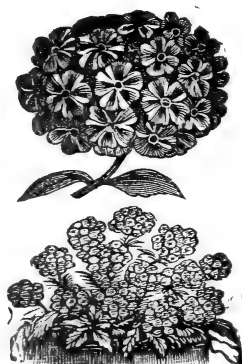
Snapdragon



Sweet William



Thunbergia



Verbena



Vinca—Periwinkle



Wall Flower, Single



Xeranthemum



Zinnia

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued

	Height Inch.	Price Pkt. Oz.
Poppy (Papaver) Carnation flowered , double mixed.....	18	.05 .20
Poppy (Papaver) paeony flowered , mixed	18	.05 .20
Poppy (Papaver) ranunculus flowered , mixed	18	.05 .30
Poppy (Papaver) Danebrog , very showy, scarlet and white.....	18	.05 .20
Poppy (Papaver) umbrosum , crimson	18	.05 .25
Poppy (Papaver) Iceland , mixed, very showy.....	24	.10
Poppy (Papaver) Shirley , fine for cut flowers.....	12	.10
Poppy (Papaver) Tulip , brilliant scarlet, tulip shaped, very fine...15		.10
Portulaca , single, finest mixed, very brilliant and delicate color... 6		.05 .50
Portulaca , double, finest mixed, very brilliant and delicate color... 6		.10
Prince's Feather , see <i>Amaranthus cruentus</i> .		
Pyrethrum , see <i>Golden Feather</i> .		
Reseda , see <i>Mignonette</i> .		
Ricinus cambodgensis (<i>Castor Oil Plant</i>), foliage and stem nearly black	60	.05 .40
Ricinus Gibsonii , Duchess of Edinburg , red.....	60	.05 .40
Rose of Heaven , see <i>Agrostemma</i> .		
Salpiglossis variabilis , finest mixed, showy annuals.....	12	.05 .75
Salvia coccinea , brilliant scarlet, fine bedder.....	24	.10 .75
Schizanthus , mixed, elegant free blooming annuals.....	18	.05 .30
Silene pendula , mixed, bright colored, free flowering annuals....12		.05 .20
Snapdragon , Tom Thumb , finest mixed.....	6	.05 1.00
Snapdragon , Tall, finest mixed.....	18	.05 .50
Stocks , German Ten Weeks , dwarf mixed.....	12	.10
Stocks , German Ten Weeks , large flowering, mixed	12	.10
Sunflower (<i>Helianthus</i>), showy for backgrounds and shrubberies.		
Sunflower Californicus , double.....	40 to 60	.05 .15
Sunflower Globosus , fistulosus	50	.05 .30
Sunflower Nana , dwarf, double.....	30	.05 .30
Sun Dial , see <i>Lupinus</i>		
Sweet Sultan , see <i>Centaurea</i> .		
Sweet William , single mixed, very popular and free flowering...18		.05 .30
Sweet William , double mixed.....	18	.10 .75
Tagetes , see <i>Marigold</i> .		
Tropaeolum , see <i>Nasturtium</i> .		
Verbena hybrids , good quality, finest mixed.....	18	.05 .75
Verbena hybrids , white.....	18	.10 2.00
Verbena hybrids , red.....	18	.10 2.00
Verbena hybrids , striped.....	18	.10 2.00
Vinca (<i>Periwinkle</i>), mixed, exceedingly pretty.....	24	.10 1.00
Viola , see <i>Pansies</i> .		
Viscaria cardinalis , scarlet and white, abundant bloomer.....	18	.05 .40
Wall Flower , single, dark red, sweet scented.....	18	.05 .40
Wall Flower , single, mixed, sweet scented.....	18	.05 .40
Zinnia elegans , tall, double mixed	15	.05 .40
Zinnia elegans , Tom Thumb , mixed.....	6	.05 1.00
Mixed Annuals , large packet.....		.05 .20

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued

Everlastings

Used in the formation of wreaths and winter bouquets.

	Height Feet.	Pkt.	Price Oz.
Acroclinium Roseum, very graceful plant, much used for decoration.	12	.05	.25
Ammobium, alatum, grandiflorum, pretty.....	24	.05	.15
Gomphrena (also called Bachelor's Button), mixed.....	12	.05	.25
Rodanthe alba, white, very beautiful.....	12	.05	
Rodanthe, mixed, delicate looking.....	12	.05	
Xeranthemum, double mixed, very lasting.....	25	.05	

Climbers

Balloon Vine, very pretty.....	10	.05	.20
Balsam Apple	10	.05	.30
Balsam Pear	10	.05	.30
Canary Creeper, yellow, one of the best old creepers.....	10	.05	
Cinnamon Vine, see page 52.			
Cobaea scandens, very pretty and rapid grower.....	20	.10	
Convolvulus major, see Morning Glory.			
Cypress Vine, red, has very beautiful bright flowers, very popular.	10	.05	.20
Cypress Vine, white, has very beautiful bright flowers, very popular.	10	.05	.20
Cypress Vine, mixed, has very beautiful bright flowers, very popular.	10	.05	.20
Dolichos lablab, or Jack Bean, rapid growing and free blooming...	10	.05	.10
Maurandia, mixed, abundant bloomers.....	10	.10	
Mina Lobata, curious free bloomers, very fine.....	15	.10	
Moon Vine, one of the best climbers, rapid grower, makes dense shade, flowers white and odorous.....	20	.10	.75
Morning Glory (Convolvulus Major), very fast grower.....	10	.05	.15
Morning Glory (Japanese Giant), foliage variegated, large flowers, fringed and of rich colors.....	10	.10	.60
Nasturtium, Tall, well known, favorite climber.....	10	.05	.10
Nasturtium, Tall lobbianum, brilliant colors.....	6	.05	.25
Thunbergia, mixed, very ornamental, free bloomer.....	5	.05	

Sweet- Peas

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ lb.
Fine mixed	per lb., 50c	.05	.15
Eckford's Choice, mixed.....	per lb., 60c 5	.10	.20

Tree Seeds

We carry stock of the following varieties; if any other are wanted we can obtain them for our customers on short notice.

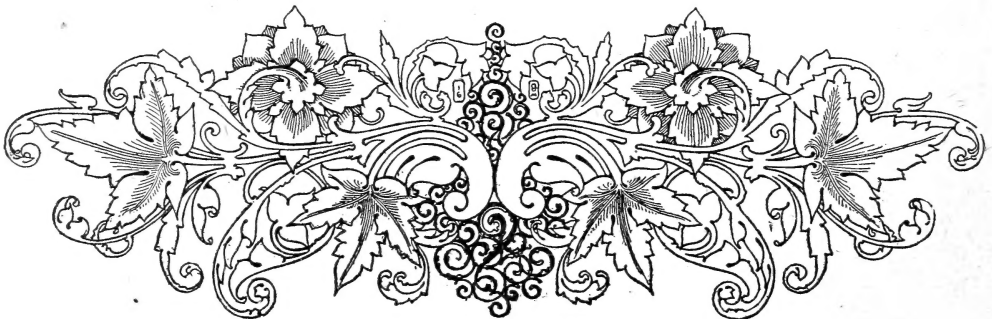
	Pkt.	Oz.	lb.
Bois D'Arc, or Osage Orange.....	.05	.10	.50
Black Locust .....	.05	.10	.50
Honey Locust .....	.05	.10	.50
Hardy Catalpa .....	.05	.15	1.50

TABLE SHOWING QUANTITY OF SEED REQUIRED PER ACRE.

	Lbs. per bu.	Amount per acre.		Lbs. per bu.	Amount per acre.
Barley, broadcast	48	2 to 3 bu	Melon, Musk in hills..		2 to 3 lbs
Beans, dwarf, in drills..	60	1½ bu	Melon, Water, in hills..		4 to 5 lbs
Beans, pole, in hills...	60	½ bu	Oats, broadcast.....	32	2 to 3 bu
Beets, table, in drills..		6 lbs	Onion, in drills.....		3 to 4 lbs
Beets, Mangel Wurtzel		5 lbs	Onion, for sets, in drills		50 lbs
Broom Corn, in hills..	46	10 lbs	Onion Sets, in drills..		6 to 12 bu
Buckwheat	48	1 bu	Parsnip, in drills.....		4 to 5 lbs
Cabbage, in beds to transplant		5 oz	Peas, round, in drills..	60	1½ bu
Carrot, in drills.....		3 to 4 lbs	Peas, wrinkler, in drills	56	1¼ bu
Clover, red	60	12 lbs	Peas, broadcast		3 bu
Clover, white	60	10 lbs	Potatoes, cut tubers..	60	8 bu
Clover, Alsike.....	60	10 lbs	Pumpkin, in hills.....		5 lbs
Clover, Alfalfa, best seed	60	20 lbs	Radish, in drills.....		8 to 10 lbs
Corn, in hills.....	56	8 to 10 qts	Rye, broadcast	56	1½ to 2 bu
Corn, for fodder.....	56	3 bu	Salsify, in drills.....		8 to 10 lbs
Cucumbers, in hills...		2 lbs	Spinach		15 lbs
Flax, broadcast	56	¾ bu	Squash, bush variety, in hill.....		4 lbs
Grass, Kentucky Blue..	14	3 bu	Squash, running varie- ty, in hill.....		3 lbs
Grass, Orchard	14	3 bu	Sugar Cane, for hay...	50	100 lbs
Grass, English Blue...	24	3 bu	Tomato, to transplant		¼ lbs
Grass, Red Top.....	10	3 bu	Turnip, broadcast.....		1½ lbs
Grass, Timothy	45	1-3 bu	Turnip, drill, 1 oz. to 250 feet		1½ lbs
Grass, Hungarian	48	1 bu	Vetches, broadcast ...		2 to 3 bu
Grass, Lawn	15	4 bu	Wheat, broadcast.....	60	1¼ to 1½ bu

TRUCK GROWERS' ASSOCIATIONS AND MARKET GARDENERS, who buy

large quantities of seed, would do well to write us for special prices, giving quantities and varieties of seeds wanted. Our main business is with producers for market, and our chief aim is to handle the highest grade seeds, and those most likely to make money for the growers. We solicit Secretaries of Associations to give us at least a trial order.



INDEX

Vegetable Seeds

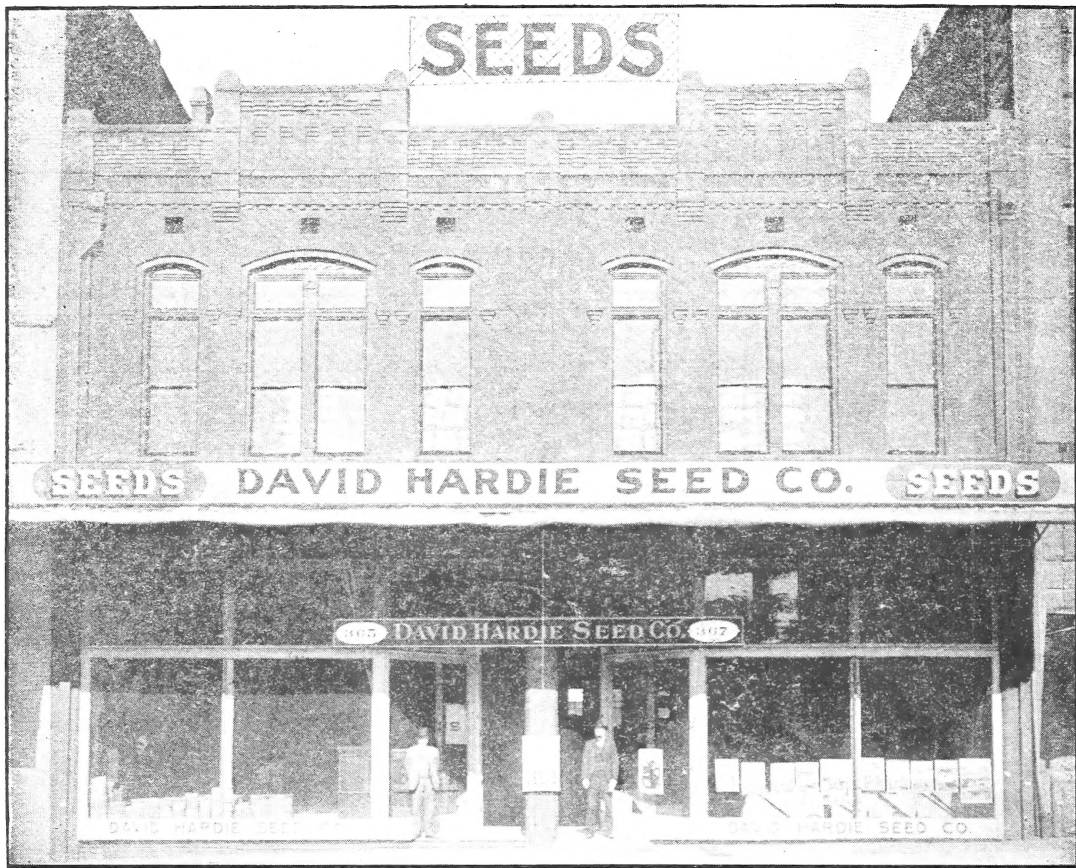
	Page		Page
Artichokes	1	Leek	12
Artichoke Roots	31	Lettuce	11 and 12
Asparagus	1	Melon, Musk	12, 13 and 14
Asparagus Roots	31	Melon, Water	14 to 18
Beans, Bush	2	Mustard	18
Beans, green podded	2	Okra	18
Beans, yellow podded	3	Onions	18 to 20
Beans, Pole	4	Onion Sets	31 and 32
Beets	4 and 5	Parsnips	20
Brussel Sprouts	5	Parsley	20
Cabbage	6, 7 and 8	Pepper	21 and 22
Carrot	6	Peas	20 and 21
Cauliflower	8	Potatoes	31
Celery	8	Potatoes, Sweet	31
Collards	8	Pumpkin	22 and 23
Corn, Sweet	8 and 9	Radishes	23 and 24
Corn Salad	9	Rhubarb	24
Cress	9	Rhubarb Roots	31
Cucumber	9 and 10	Salsify	25
Endive	11	Spinach	25
Egg Plant	10	Squash	25 and 26
Fetticus	9	Tomatoes	26 to 29
Kale	11	Turnip	29 and 30
Kohl Rabi	11	Sweet and Medical Herbs	30 and 31
		Veg. Plants and Roots	31 and 32

Farm and Field Seeds

Alfalfa	43 and 44	Mangel Wurtzel	33
Barley	42	Millet	38 and 39
Beans, Soja	41	Milo Maize	38
Broom Corn	36	Oats	42
Buckwheat	41	Peanuts	36 and 37
Cane	37	Rape, Dwarf Essex	40 and 41
Clovers	43 and 44	Rye	42
Corn, Field	33 to 36	Salt Bush	41
Corn, Pop	36	Speltz	41
Cotton	46 and 47	Stock Beet	33
Dhokra Corn	38	Stock Peas	39 and 40
Flax	41	Sunflower	41
Grass	45 and 46	Tobacco	30
Kaffir Corn	37 and 38	Vetches	40
		Wheat	42

Flower Seeds and Miscellaneous

Cinnamon Vine Tubers	52	Canary Bird Seed	50
Flowers	54 to 63	Planet Jr. Tools	50 to 52
Flowers, Everlastings	63	Poultry Supplies	50
Flowers, Sweet Peas	63	Seed Sowers	47 and 48
Flowers, Climbers	63	Shears	49
Dibbles	48	Spray Pumps	49 and 50
Flower Pots	50	Tree Seeds	63
Box Material	50	Trowels	48
Insect Destroyer	32	Truckers Modern Guide	53



THIS SHOWS HALF OF OUR RETAIL DEPARTMENT